



THE

* WILD-LIFE * CIRCUS



SPITTING BEAR



PLANNED EXTINCTION PART 2

FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT How Canada Plans to Continue to Live Off the Avails of Crime – It's Obvious the Settler Colonialists state does not Belong on turtle island:

Message from ia-ko-ska-reh-wa-keh, the spitting bears

Foreward



FIRST NATIONS INCORPORATED

CANADA IS MAKING UNLAWFUL FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS ON ONKWEHON:WE LAND WITH ITSELF AND ITS CANADIAN CREATED BAND COUNCILS, NOW CALLED “FIRST NATIONS”.

AT FIRST THE PLAN IS TO MAKE SMALL INCREMENTAL SALES AGREEMENTS WITH BAND COUNCILS WHO ARE ALREADY IN

THEIR EMPLOY. THE PRIME MINISTER JUSTIN TRUDEAU HOLDS THE OFFICE OF PRESIDENT IN THE C CORPORATION. IN HIS OATH HE AGREES TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTION OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL AND SWEARS NOT TO DIVULGE ANY SECRETS. THE PRIVY COUNCIL OPERATES AS THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE COMPANY CALLED "CANADA". THIS FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT IS A FRAUDULENT REAL ESTATE DEAL. THEY ARE TRYING TO GET CONVEYANCE WITHOUT ASKING THE PEOPLE WHOSE LAND THEY ARE STEALING. HE CONTINUES IN HIS FATHER'S DIRTY PATH.

THE INCORPORATED BAND COUNCIL EMPLOYEES OF CANADA, CALLED "FIRST NATIONS INC." HAVE FORFEITED THEIR BIRTHRIGHT. THEY NEVER HAD LAND OR LAND RIGHTS. THEY WILL SIGN THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT TO FRAUDULENTLY SELL OUR LAND TO THEIR HANDLERS, "THE COLONY OF CANADA INC." THE TRUE NATURAL PEOPLE OF ONOWAREKEH WHO ARE THE SOVEREIGNS OF TURTLE ISLAND ARE NEVER MENTIONED.



THE FIRST NATIONS SELLOUTS REALLY DON'T KNOW WHAT THEY ARE GETTING INTO.

REMEMBER, EVERYBODY, INCLUDING THE COLONIAL SETTLERS, HAVE TO FOLLOW THE KAIANEREKOWA, THE GREAT PEACE, THROUGH THE TEIOHATEEH. THIS IS BASED ON THE IKNOWLEDGE THAT ALL LIFE HAS THE SAME MOTHER EARTH AND THE SAME SOURCE ENERGY AS THE FATHER. WE ARE ALL BROTHERS AND SISTERS WHO SHALL SURVIVE AND CO-EXIST ON TURTLE ISLAND. TE HO NA TON KO TON. THEY HAVE IMMERSED THEMSELVES IN FOREIGN WAYS. THEREFORE THEY HAVE NO RIGHT, NO VOICE, NO CLAIMS TO LAND, LANGUAGE, CULTURE, NAMES, CLANS AND ALL AFFILIATIONS TO TURTLE ISLAND.

IN THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE WILL BECOME BAND MEMBERS WHETHER THEY WANT TO OR NOT. ONKWEHONWEH, THE TRUE NATURAL PEOPLE PLACED ON TURTLE ISLAND BY CREATION, WILL BE ELIMINATED WITH THE STROKE OF A PEN AND THE FLAP OF A FORKED TONGUE.

Canadian Finance Minister Bill Morneau announced Tuesday that the federal government will purchase the Kinder Morgan's Trans Mountain pipeline — a controversial pipeline that runs from the Alberta oil sands to the country's pacific coast — for \$3.45 billion (C\$4.5bn).

The announcement, which caused a flurry of activity on social media and outrage from protestors on the ground, was also met by comments from Canadian Prime Minister Justin Trudeau, who gave an interview to the Financial Post stating First Nations people did not have veto power to block projects that cause environmental concerns.

Though the Canadian government recently adopted a United Nations resolution recognizing the right of Aboriginal groups to "free, prior and informed consent" on economic projects in their territories, Trudeau told the Financial Post that "Ottawa doesn't recognize the unconditional right of First Nations to unilaterally block projects."

"No, they don't have a veto," he said of the three major nations — the Musqueam, Squamish, and Tsleil-Waututh — who oppose Kinder Morgan.

Trudeau outlined that there are dozens of tribes along the Kinder Morgan Pipeline route who have signed more than \$300 million in economic benefit agreements. He also acknowledged that protestors have the right to voice dissention, but they must do so within the letter of the law.



CANADA IS VIOLATING INTERNATIONAL LAW TO CONDUCT A COMPLETE REFERENDUM OF EACH AND EVERY INDIVIDUAL ONKWEHONWEH ON TURTLE ISLAND.

ANNEXE 2 / SCHEDULE 2

Text of the Framework Agreement on First Nation Land Management (signed in 1996):

Includes modifications resulting from:

Amendment #1 1998

Amendment #2 1998

Amendment #3 2002

Amendment #6 2018

FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT ON FIRST NATION LAND MANAGEMENT BETWEEN:

THE FOLLOWING [CORPORATE] FIRST NATIONS [INC.]:

***THESE CULPRITS ARE BETRAYING US BY SITTING AT THE
TABLE AND SIGNING WHAT THEIR HANDLERS PUT IN
FRONT OF THEM, AS GOOD LITTLE INDIANS.***

WESTBANK, MUSQUEAM, LHEIDLI T'ENNEH (formerly known as "LHEIT-
LIT'EN"), N'QUATQUA, SQUAMISH, SIKSIKA, MUSKODAY, COWESSESS,
OPASKWAYAK CREE, NIPISSING, MISSISSAUGAS OF SCUGOG ISLAND,
CHIPPEWAS OF MNJIKANING, CHIPPEWAS OF GEORGINA ISLAND, SAINT
MARY'S, as represented by their Chiefs and all other First Nations that have
adhered to the Agreement [*EACH CORPORATE BAND COUNCIL IS CREATED
BY THE CORPORATION OF CANADA*]

AND

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN IN RIGHT OF CANADA, as represented by: THE
MINISTER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS AND NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT [AN
EMPLOYMEE OF THE COMPANY] . QUEEN'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

***THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT IS THE ATTEMPT IN
THE BUSINESS PLAN OF THE COMPANY CALLED
"CANADA"FOR THE FINAL EXTINCTION OF THE
INDIANS. WE ARE BEING RUN THROUGH A MAZE AS***

WILL BE SEEN IN THE FOLLOWING BREAKDOWN. THE PROPOSED 'LAND CODE' IS TO CREATE A FALSE TITLE FOR CANADA TO OUR LAND. THE LAND THEFT IS BETWEEN TWO ILLEGAL CANADIAN ENTITIES, CANADA AND THEIR CANADA FIRST NATIONS. BOTH PARTIES HAVE NO LAND RIGHTS. THE TRUE NATURAL PEOPLE ARE NEVER MENTIONED.

THE FIRST NATIONS DRINKS THE KOOL AID BECAUSE THEIR CULT LEADERS TELL THEM TO DO SO. FREEDOM IS OUR BIRTHRIGHT AND WE SHALL HAVE IT!

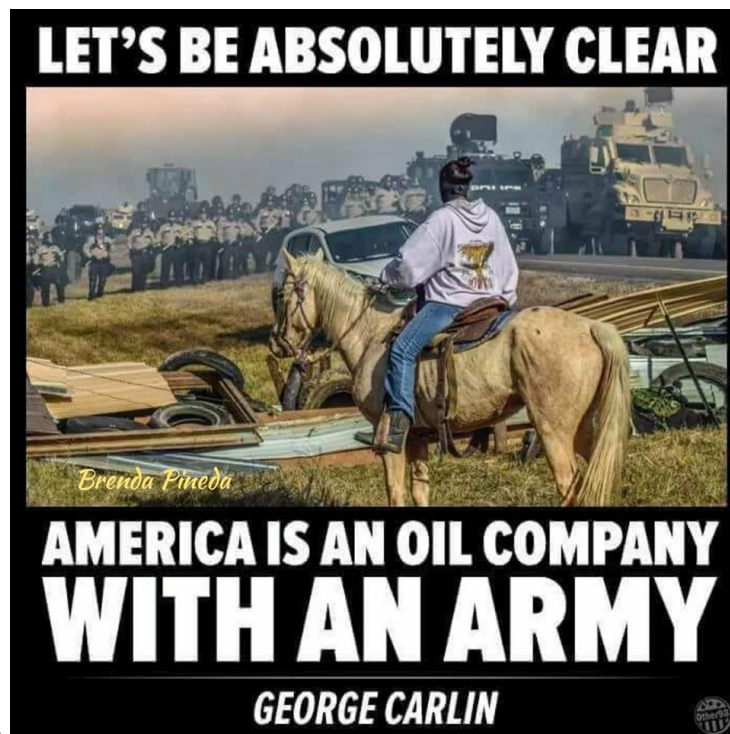
THESE 14 COMMUNITIES ARE LURING THE REST OF THE FIRST NATIONS TO TAKE THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT BY PUTTING OUT POSITIVE VIBES FOR THE CORPORATION. ALL FIRST NATIONS CHIEFS HAVE BEEN VISITED BY THE ECONOMIC HITMAN ALREADY.

WHEREAS:

The First Nations have a profound relationship with the land that is rooted in respect for the Spiritual value of the Earth and the gifts of the Creator and have a deep desire to preserve their relationship with the land;

IF THIS WERE TRUE, THEY'D ALL LEAVE TURTLE ISLAND TAKING THEIR TRAITORS WITH THEM. THEY'D JUMP ON THE ADMIRALTY SHIP.

THE FIRST NATIONS HAVE THE OPTION OF WITHDRAWING ONKWEHONWEH LANDS FROM THE LAND MANAGEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE INDIAN ACT IN ORDER TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THEIR LANDS AND RESOURCES FOR THE USE AND BENEFIT OF THEIR FIRST NATIONS MEMBERS. THE POSTAGE STAMP RESERVES ARE BEING FURTHER REDUCED.



THE FIRST NATIONS, A PRIVATE COMPANY, CANNOT WITHDRAW THE LAND OF THE ONKWEHONWEH. THEY HAVE NEVER TALKED TO THE PEOPLE.

CANADA AND THE TRAITORS HAVE STOLEN, RAPED AND PILLAGED OUR LAND. GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT RELATIONS REALLY MEANS CANADA AND CANADA'S

PUPPETS WITHIN THE CORPORATE CHARTER OF CANADA. THE BAND COUNCIL IS A COMMITTEE OF THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT. CANADA HAS NO CONSTITUTION. IT HAS LETTERS PATENT FOR PRIVATE BUSINESS ISSUED BY THE PARLIAMENT OF BRITAIN WITH SHAREHOLDERS. THE PRIVY COUNCIL DIRECTS THE COMPANY OF CANADA.

THE TRUE NATIVE PEOPLE OF TURTLE ISLAND WERE PLACED HERE BY CREATION. THIS FRAMEWORK DEAL IS FOR CANADA WITH THE HELP OF THEIR INDIAN ACT COMMITTEE, NOW CALLED THE "FIRST NATIONS INC." CULTURE IS TO LIVE THE LAND, LANGUAGE AND CONNECT WITH THE REAL ONKWEHONWEH, WHO FOLLOW THE WAY OF THE FOREVER.

WE ARE ONE PEOPLE AND WE ARE OF EVERY PART OF TURTLE ISLAND FOREVER. "ONWE" MEANS FOREVER.

THE TRUE GRASSROOTS ONKWEHONWEH WHO ARE OF THE LAND WOULD NEVER RATIFY THIS SCAM AND ARE KEPT FROM THE NEGOTIATING TABLE TO GIVE THEIR VIEW. WE OPPOSE THESE TRAITORS WHO HAVE SOLD THEIR BIRTHRIGHT TO THE COLONIAL SETTLERS, WHO ARE HELPING TO BEAT, KILL, OBLITERATE, IGNORE US. OUR FRIENDS AND ALLIES SUFFER FOR HELPING US. OUR MIND LOVES CREATION AND OUR MOTHER PROTECTS NATURE.



NOW THEREFORE,

In consideration of the exchange of promises contained in this Agreement and subject to its terms and conditions, the Parties agree that the First Nations shall have the option of exercising control over their lands and resources.

CANADA AND FIRST NATIONS ARE TWO FOREIGN COMPANIES WHO ARE STEALING THE LAND, RESOURCES AND THE LIFE OF A THIRD PARTY. THIS IS KNOWN AS "GUNBOAT DIPLOMACY".

Canada recognizes that First Nations have a unique connection to and constitutionally protected interest in their lands, including decision-making, governance, jurisdiction, legal traditions, and fiscal relations associated with those lands;

ALL CANADIAN STATURE LAWS ARE ILLEGAL. THE CANADIAN VERSION OF LAW DOES NOT PASS THE TEST OF INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW, WHICH MAKES IT ILLEGAL. THE "INDIAN ACT" IS THE BASIS FOR ALL CANADIAN LAWS. THEY ARE MADE FOR THE ATTEMPTED EXTINCTION OF ONKWEHONWEH AND THE THEFT OF ONOWAREKEH. CREATION GAVE EVERY ONKWEHONWEH THE FREE USE AND ENJOYMENT OF OUR LANDS.

Canada has committed to implementing the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples in a manner consistent with the Canadian constitution;

CANADA HAS NO CONSTITUTION.

PART I
PRELIMINARY MATTERS

1. INTERPRETATION

1.1 In this Agreement [*swindle*],

"Canada" or "Crown" means Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada;

VATICAN IS THE CROWN. THE QUEEN IS A SHAREHOLDER OF THE CROWN, THE CROWN HAS ILLEGALLY ASSERTED A CLAIM TO TURTLE ISLAND.

("Canada") "eligible voter" means a member of a First Nation who is eligible, pursuant to clause 7.2, to vote under this Agreement; ("é lecteurs")

“ELIGIBLE VOTERS” ARE FOLLOWERS OF THE FIRST NATION INC. WHICH LIVES IN THE PRISONER OF WAR CAMP [RESERVES]‘OWNED’ BY CANADA. A TRUE DEMOCRACY IS 100%, NOT 51% CORPORATE MAJORITY RULES. IN NATURE THERE IS NO MAJORITY RULE. ELIGIBLE VOTERS ARE THOSE WHO ADHERE TO ALL THE ARTIFICIAL RULES OF THE OPPRESSORS.

"federal law" means a law enacted by Canada, not a land code or First Nation law; ("loi fé dé rale"). "federal legislation" is to be enacted by Canada under Part X; ("loi de ratification").

FEDERAL LAW CANNOT OBLITERATE THE NATURAL RIGHTS AND FREEDOM OF THE ORIGINAL PEOPLE IN EXCHANGE FOR PRIVILEGES. THEY CANNOT DO AWAY WITH THE DESIGN OF CREATION IN EXCHANGE FOR A MAN-MADE SYSTEM OF GENOCIDE AND CONTROL AND GENOCIDE. “LAW” IS ATTACKING THE NATURAL RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS DESIGNED BY CREATION.

“FIRST NATION INC.” IS A SNAKE OIL SALESMAN MAKING A DEAL OVER PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE ONKWEHONWEH, NOT TO A FOURTH LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT UNDER A CORPORATE MUNICIPALITY.

"First Nation land", is all or part of a reserve or lands set aside that the First Nation describes in its land code; ("terres de premiè re nation").

ONOWAREKEH, TURTLE ISLAND, IS ONKWEHONWEH LAND. THE SO-CALLED “FIRST NATIONS” COMMUNITIES ARE RUN BY THE MILITARY AND CAN BE TAKEN BY THE COLONY OF CANADA AT ANY TIME. THEY ARE DERIVED FROM THE “INDIAN ACT”, TO BE USED AT THE PLEASURE OF THE CORPORATION OF CANADA. CANADA CAN CHANGE IT AT WILL.

"First Nation Lands Register" means the register established pursuant to clause 51 to register interests or land rights in First Nation land; ("registre des terres de premiè res nations")

THE TRUE ORIGINAL ONKWEHONWEH DON'T HAVE TO REGISTER ON ONOWAREKEH, TURTLE ISLAND. THE MILITARY ENFORCES THE PAPER SYSTEM. ON OCTOBER 25, 1924, THE INDIAN LANDS ACTS, THE MILITARY SHOT OUR SPOKESPEOPLE AND INSTALLED THE INDIAN ACT BAND COUNCIL.

"FIRST NATION LAW" IS ENACTED BY THE FAKE FIRST NATION INC. ACCORDING TO ITS LAND THEFT, ILLEGAL SEIZURE, FALSE CLAIM, PILFER CODE; ("texte de la nation") CANADA IS TRYING TO CREATE A FRAUDULENT DOCUMENT THAT APPEARS LIKE A CONVEYANCE OF OUR LAND. TEIOHATEH IS THE ONLY TRUE PEACE AGREEMENT WHICH THE COLONIAL SETTLERS MADE WITH US WHICH THEY VIOLATED. THEIR STAY ON TURTLE ISLAND IS NULL AND VOID. TO REMAIN THEY MUST LIVE BY THE KAIANEREKOWA THROUGH THE TEIOHATEH, OR THEY MUST LEAVE TURTLE ISLAND. WE HAVE RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE WINGED ONES, FOUR LEGGED, THE RIVERS, THE AIR AND THE LAND TO ENSURE THAT ALL NATURAL LIFE SURVIVES BY CLEARING OUT THE CRIMINALS AND TERRORISTS.

"interest", in relation to First Nation land in any province or territory other than Qué bec, means any interest, right or estate of any nature based on the letters patent in or to that land, including a lease, easement, right of way, servitude, or profit à prendre, but does not include title to that land; ("inté rê t").

FIRST NATIONS INC. HAS NO INTEREST OR TITLE IN THE LAND. NOTHING HOLDS TITLE TO OUR MOTHER. WHITE MAN'S VALUES TAKE EVERYTHING THAT IS PERFECT AND TRY TO PUT A DOLLAR VALUE ON IT. TREATIES GAVE ONLY LIMITED USE OF THE LAND, WHICH WERE BROKEN AND NO LONGER EXIST.

THE FINAL SOLUTION TO THE PAPER GENOCIDE; THE "LAND CODE" IS APPROVED BY A FIRST NATION INC. ACCORDING THE COPORATION COMMISSIONER'S RULES (CODE FONCIER). THE CORPORATION INSTALLS ITS FIRST NATIONS ON THE LAND OF THE ONKWEHONWEH WITHOUT THEIR KNOWLEDGE OR CONSENT. ACCORDING TO THE CODE MADE BY THE CORPORATION, BY THE STROKE OF A PEN, THE FIRST NATION INC. WILL ERADICATE THE IDENTITY OF THE TRUE ONKWEHONWEH OF TURTLE ISLAND AND TURN THE LAND OVER TO THEIR MASTER CORPORATION.

"land right", of the First Nation in Québec, means any right of any nature in or to that land excluding title, and includes the rights of a lessee; that could mean anything.

("droit foncier")

"Lands Advisory Board" are the boards referred to in clause 38 ["Conseil consultative des terres"].

THE GREEDIEST CROOKS AND LIARS SUFFERING FROM AN ADVANCED OWISTAH GREED DISEASE WOULD BE INSTALLED ON THESE BOARDS.

"Lands Set Aside" means land in the Yukon reserved or set aside by notation in the property records of the Northern Affairs organization, Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development, for the use of indigenous people in the Yukon; ("terres mises de côté")

INDIAN AFFAIRS NOW CLAIMS ALL OF THE YUKON BECAUSE THEY APOLOGIZED FOR USING GERM WARFARE TO KILL MOST INUIT.

"licence", in relation to First Nation land, ("permis")

(a) in a province or territory other than Québec, means any right of use or occupation of First Nation land, other than an interest in that land;

PERMITS TO BE A CORPORATE FIRST NATION CARPETBAGGER WHO CAN USE OR LIVE ON ONOWAREKEH UNTIL THE WHITIES NEED IT FOR SOME OTHER UNSCRUPULOUS PURPOSE. IT ALL ADDS UP TO THE ATTEMPTED EXTINCTION OF THE TRUE NATURAL PEOPLE OF TURTLE ISLAND.

(b) in the Province of Québec, any right to use or occupy First Nation land, other than a land right in that land; "member", in respect of a First Nation, means ("membre")

1. (a) a person whose name appears on the Band List,
ONLY THE SELL-OUTS OR THEY CAN DECIDE WHO IS ENOUGH OF A SELL-OUT CAN APPEAR ON THE BAND LIST.
2. (b) a person who is entitled to have his or her name appear on the Band List;

THE CORPORATE GOVERNMENT WILL SELECT WHO WILL BE 'INDIANS' AND WHAT 'FIRST NATION INC.' YOU BELONG TO. YOU'LL GET YOUR INDIAN CARD IF YOU DO AS YOU'RE TOLD.

"Minister" means the Minister of Indian Affairs and Northern Development, or such other member of the Queen's Privy Council as is designated by the Governor in Council for the purposes of this Agreement; ("ministre")

IT COULD BE ANYONE! PRIVY COUNCIL IS THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS FOR THE PRIVATE COMPANY OF CANADA THAT RUNS CANADA FOR ITS SHAREHOLDERS.

"verifier" means the person appointed pursuant to clauses 8 and 44 to monitor and verify the opting in process for a First Nation. ("vé rificateur")

Hired lobbyists, snitches, infiltrators, finger pointers, who tattle tale to Indian Affairs.

A Break for a song by George Thorogood: ["Move it on over. She threw me out just as pretty as she pleased. Pretty soon I'll be scratching fleas. Move it on over. Slide it on over. Move it nice dog. The mean old dog is moving in"](#).

1.2 Terms that are defined or used in the Indian Act have the same meaning in this Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires.

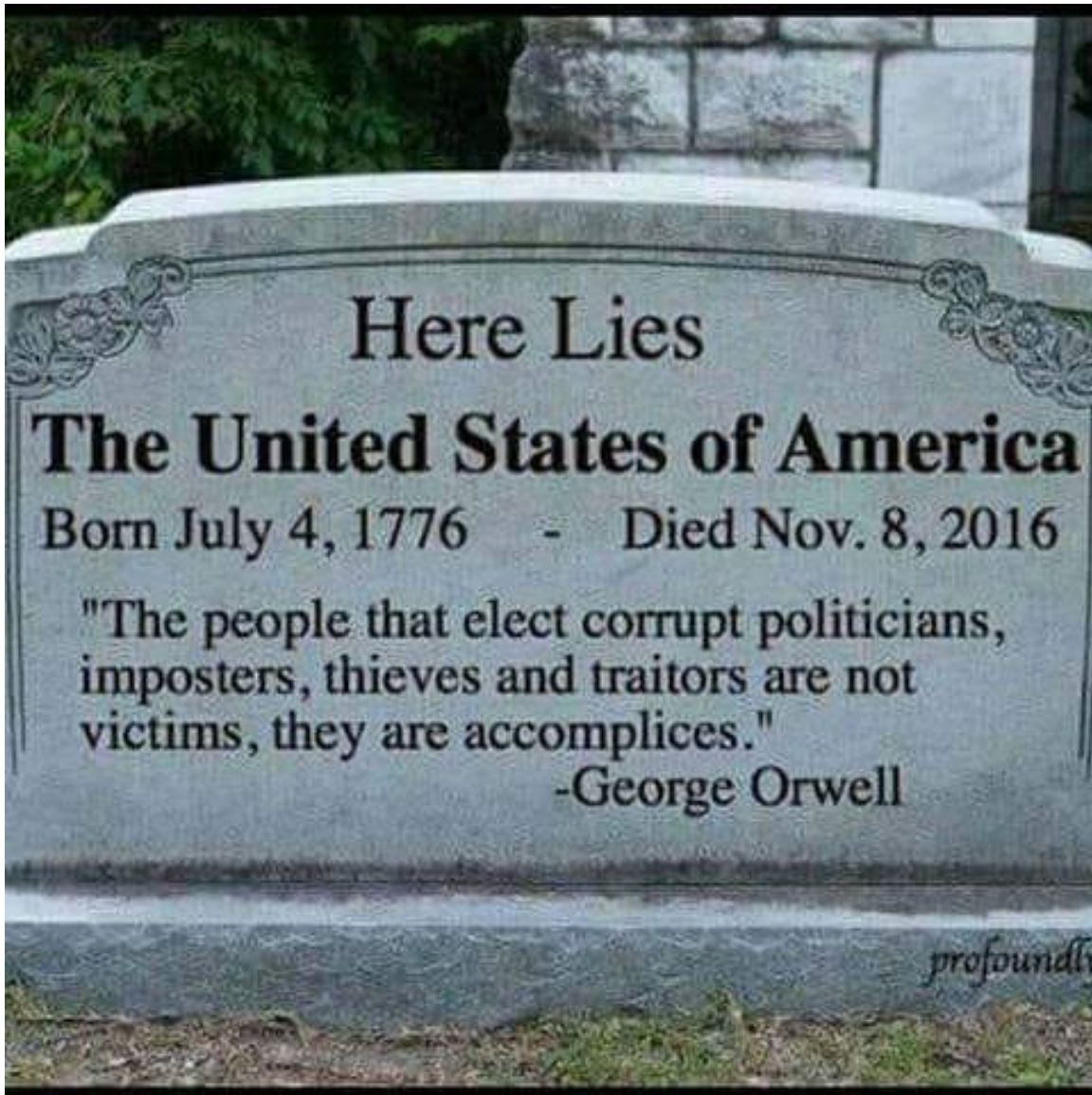
BY ANY OTHER NAME, IT'S STILL EXECUTION OF ALL VERSIONS OF THE INDIAN ACT.

1.3 This Agreement is not a treaty and shall not be considered to be a treaty within the meaning of section 35 of the Constitution Act, 1982.

ONKWEHONWEH ONLY DO PEACE TREATIES, NEVER LAND SALES.

1.4 The Parties acknowledge that the Crown's special relationship with the First Nations will continue.

NOTICE TO FIRST NATIONS INC., THE CROWN'S POLICY OF GENOCIDE WILL CONTINUE!



1.5 This Agreement does not affect any lands.

NONE OF THE LANDS OUTSIDE OF THE POW PRISONER OF WAR CAMPS ARE PART OF THIS AGREEMENT. THE FRAMEWORK IS TO GET RID OF RESERVES. CANADA FALSELY CLAIMS TO HAVE THE REST. THIS GIVES THE SETTLER COLONISTS THE MINDSET TO KILL INDIANS ONE WAY OR ANOTHER TO STEAL THE LAND.

1.6 This Agreement is not intended to define or prejudice inherent rights, or any other rights, of First Nations to control their lands or resources or to preclude other negotiations in respect of those rights.

FIRST NATIONS INC. HAVE RIGHTS OF A PRIVATE CORPORATION CONTROLLED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS. THEY HAVE NO SAY. CANADA BASES ITS ILLEGAL EXISTENCE ON THE CRIMINAL INDIAN LANDS ACTS OF EACH PROVINCE SIGNED ON OCTOBER 25, 1924.

“ratification officer” means the person who may be appointed pursuant to clause 8; (“agent de ratification”).

RATIFICATION IS SOMEONE WHO IS HIRED TO MANUFACTURE THE APPEARANCE OF RATIFICATION OF THE FRAUD.

1.1.1 In this Agreement, the expressions “will” and “shall” are used interchangeably and are to be construed as imperative, and the expression “may” is to be construed as permissive.

IT MEANS THEY WILL DECIDE TO MAKE IT APPEAR LIKE THEY ARE GOING TO DO SOMETHING, USING LAWYER LANGUAGE, NOT THE LANGUAGE OF THE PEOPLE. THE CANADIAN LANGUAGE BORROWS FROM OTHER COUNTRIES MIXED WITH CANADIAN LEGALESE. EH! CANADA HAS NO LANGUAGE. IT'S A CORPORATION!

1.7 The parties agree that when a provision of this agreement contains both civil law and common law terminology, or terminology that has different meanings in the civil law and the common law, the civil law terminology or meaning is intended to apply to this provision with respect to First Nations in the Province of Québec and the common law terminology or meaning is intended to apply with respect to First Nations in a province or territory other than Québec.

KAIANEREKOWA AND TEIOHATEH SUPERCEDE THE CORPORATE STATUTE LAW. THESE FOREIGN LAWS DO NOT APPLY TO US OR OUR LAND. THEY ARE ONLY FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SETTLERS. NO TREATY WAS EVER MADE TO PROTECT NATIVES.

1.8 In this Agreement a reference to a statute or regulation shall be interpreted to be a reference to the statute or regulation as amended from time to time.

MANY NEW STATUTES WILL BE BASED ON THIS FALSE AGREEMENT TO MAKE IT LOOK LEGAL.

1.9 In this Agreement, the terms “family home” and “spouse” have the same meaning as in the Family Homes on Reserves and Matrimonial Interests or Rights Act.

MORE ACTS TO MAKE US INTO NICE CORPORATE INJUNS.



2. FIRST NATION LAND

2.1 Land that is a reserve of a First Nation or is Lands Set Aside for a First Nation is eligible to be managed by that First Nation under a land code as First Nation land.

THE INDIAN ACT AND FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT ADVANCE THE HEIST AGENDA OF THE CROOKS.

(a) amended its individual agreement with the Minister; and (b) amended its land code to provide for:

- (i) a description of the external boundaries of the reserve;
- (ii) a uniform set of rules and procedures for the management of the reserve;

POW CAMPS [RESERVES] WILL BE CONVERTED TO THE INDIAN VERSION OF THE "PRIVATE SUPER PRISONS" WHERE CANADA WILL TRY TO MAKE US DO HARD TIME IN MAXIMUM SECURITY.

2.1A A reserve that is set apart for the use and benefit of more than one First Nation is eligible to be managed as First Nation land by those First Nations if each of those First Nations has a land code in force and has:

AS USUAL THE FOREIGN USURPERS SEE US BEING ALL THE SAME. WE HAVE DIFFERENT CULTURES, LANGUAGES, CUSTOMS, WAYS AND SOCIAL SYSTEMS EXPRESSING OUR TIES WITH THE NATURAL WORLD. WE ARE ONE PEOPLE OF GREAT TURTLE ISLAND AND ARE EACH UNIQUE.

- (iii) uniform law-making or delegation of law-making in respect of First Nation laws on the reserve; and
- (iv) the resolution of disputes between the First Nations concerning the management of the reserve.

WE ONKWEHONWEH NEVER HAD DISPUTES OVER THE LAND OF OUR MOTHER. SHE TREATED US EQUALLY.

2.1B The amendments to the land codes and individual agreements in respect of a reserve that is set apart for the use and benefit of more than one First Nation will come into force on the same date and the reserve becomes First Nation land on that date.

ONKWEHONWEH LAND RIGHTS GO BACK THOUSANDS OF YEARS. THE INVADERS WERE GIVEN PLOTS OF LAND TO PLANT ON AND LIVE. NOTHING ELSE. NOW THEY INVENTED DAYLIGHT SAVINGS TIME TO CONFUSE THEMSELVES. THE SUN DOESN'T PAY ATTENTION TO THAT.

2.2 First Nation land includes all the interests and rights or all the land rights and other rights, as well as the resources that belong to that land, to the extent that these are

WE NEVER WANT TO BE CAPTIVES LIKE THE SETTLERS, PLACED IN DANGEROUS "SMART CITIES" WHICH ARE BEING DESIGNATED IN THE GUIDELINES OF UNITED NATIONS AGENDA 30, NEW WORLD ORDER. WE THE SOVEREIGN PEOPLE OF TURTLE ISLAND HAVE THE RIGHT TO SAY "NO".

2.3 First Nation lands reserved for Indians within the meaning of section 91(24) of the Constitution Act, 1867

3. INDIAN OIL AND GAS

3.1 The Indian Oil and Gas Act will continue to apply to any First Nation lands, or interests or land rights in First Nation land, that are "Indian lands" within the meaning of that Act.

THE FIRST NATIONS INC. WILL BE LUCKY TO GET ANY REVENUE. IT WOULD BE EASIER TO WIN THE \$100,000 JACKPOT AT THE ONE ARM BANDITS AT RAMA CASINO!

3.2 Any interest or land right in First Nation land that is granted to Canada for the exploitation of oil and gas under a land code will be deemed to be "Indian lands" within the meaning of the Indian Oil and Gas Act.

THEY'LL GIVE SOMETHING WHEN OUR FUTURE CHILDREN ARE SIGNED OVER TO THEM.

3.3 Section 4 of the Indian Oil and Gas Act will continue to apply to revenues and royalties from oil or gas on First Nation land, despite anything to the contrary in clause 12.

AS LONG AS FIRST NATIONS INC. KEEP GIVING THEM THEIR CHILDREN.



4. RESERVES

4.1 Any reserve managed by a First Nation under a land code will continue to be a reserve within the meaning of the Indian Act.

CANADA CAN TAKE RESERVE LAND WHENEVER THEY WANT.

4.2 Any reserve, title to which is vested in Canada, and managed by a First Nation under a land code, will continue to be vested in Canada for the use and benefit of the respective First Nation for which it was set apart.

SO CANADA CAN HAVE MORE EXCUSES ABOUT ALL THEY TOOK AND WILL RENEG ON.

4.3 Where a First Nation wishes to manage a reserve, the whole of the reserve will be included as First Nation land to avoid disjointed administration of the reserve, in sub-clauses 4.4, 4.5 and 4.5A.

TO AVOID TRADITIONAL LONG HOUSE BUILDINGS. WHITE MAN'S RELIGION AND THOSE 'TRADITIONAL' RELIGIONS THEY CONTROL CAN BUILD AS MANY AS THEY WANT. THEY CAN'T CONTROL THE SKY, TREES AND EARTH OF THE NATURAL SETTINGS OF THE NATURAL PEOPLE.

4.4 Subject to sub-clause 4.5A, a portion of a reserve may be excluded from a land code only if:

(a) the portion of the reserve is in an environmentally unsound condition and the condition cannot be remedied by measures that are technically and financially feasible before the land code is expected to be submitted for community approval;

CANADA DELIBERATELY PUT OUR COMMUNITIES ON TOXIC LAND, PIPELINES, RAILROADS, HIGHWAYS, SEAWAYS, HYDRO WIRES, TOXIC DUMPS TO POISON AND KILL US. NOW THEY'RE KILLING THEMSELVES.

(b) the portion of the reserve is the subject of ongoing litigation that is unlikely to be resolved before the land code is expected to be su...

(c) the portion of the reserve is uninhabitable or unusable as a result of a natural disaster;

THE BIGGEST DISASTER IS THE EUROPEANS COMING HERE!

(d) there exist one or more other reasons which the First Nation and the Minister agree justify excluding a portion of a reserve.
The Parties agree that Reserves that become the ...

4.5 A portion of a reserve may not be excluded if the exclusion would have the effect of placing the administration of a lease or other interest or right in land in more than one land management regime.

4.5A Land may be excluded from the application of the land code when it is uncertain whether the land forms part of the reserve. An exclusion for this reason shall be without prejudice to the right of the First Nation or Her Majesty to assert that the land forms part of the reserve. If excluding the land would have the effect

of placing a lease, other interest or right in land in more than one land management regime, then all land that is subject to that lease, interest or right shall be excluded from the application of the land code.

TRYING TO SPLIT UP OUR COMMUNITIES, CLANS, FAMILIES, DESTROYING OUR CULTURE AND LANGUAGE, GETTING RID OF THE GREAT PEACE AND CONTINUING THE REPUBLIC OF WAR AND EXTINCTION OF ONKWEHONWEH.

4.6 The First Nation will make provision to amend the description of its First Nation land in its land code to include the excluded portion of the reserve when the First Nation and the Minister agree that the condition justifying the exclusion no longer exists and the individual agreement will be amended accordingly.

TRYING TO MAKE US BUY OUR OWN STOLEN LAND FROM THE THIEVES IS A STALL TACTIC OR A JOKE ON THEIR FIRST NATIONS INC. SLAVES.

4A. LANDS SET ASIDE

4A.1 Lands Set Aside for a First Nation are eligible to be managed by that First Nation under a land code as First Nation land.

THERE'S NO FIRST NATION AND NO FIRST NATION LAND. CREATION CREATED ONOWAREKEH, TURTLE ISLAND AND PLACED THE ONKWEHONWH, TRUE NATURAL PEOPLE, ON IT.

4A.2 For greater certainty, Lands Set Aside that become First Nation land do not become a reserve within the meaning of the Indian Act.

FOR GREATER CERTAINTY THERE IS ONLY ONE ONOWAREKEN, TURTLE ISLAND. CANADA AND ITS PUPPETS HAVE NO TITLE OR CONVEYANCE ON ANY OF IT.

4A.3 The provisions of this Agreement dealing with exclusions of land from the application of a land code apply to Lands Set Aside with such changes or modifications as may be required.

WE'RE HERE. WE'RE STAYING.

PART II

OPTING IN PROCEDURE

5. DEVELOPMENT OF A LAND CODE

5.1 A First Nation that wishes to manage one or more of its reserves or its Lands Set Aside will first develop a land code.

THERE IS ALREADY A LAND CODE. IT'S CALLED KAIANEREKOWA, THE GREAT PEACE. FOR THOUSANDS OF YEARS WE'VE MANAGED PERFECTLY WELL WITHOUT THESE CRIMINALS. THE BEST WAY TO FIX OUR LAND IS FOR THE MARAUDERS TO LEAVE.

5.2 The land code of a First Nation will

1. (a) describe the lands that are subject to the land code;

CREATION HAS A PERFECT REMEDY. THE RAFT IS AT THE DOCK WAITING TO TAKE YOU SCAVENGERS HOME.

2. (b) set out the general rules and procedures that apply to the use and occupancy of First Nation land, including use and occupancy under . . .

THE COLONIAL SETTLERS HAVE A ONE WAY TICKET TO LEAVE.

- (i) licenses and leases, and

TIME IS ANOTHER ARTIFICIAL CAPITALIST INVENTION. OUR MOTHER DECIDES THE SEASONS.

- (ii) interests or land rights in First Nation land held pursuant to allotments under subsection 20(1) of the Indian Act or pursuant to the custom of the First Nation;

ALL LIFE ON TURTLE ISLAND IS SET OUT BY CREATION, NOT BY THE CORPORATISTS.

(b.1) set out the procedures that apply to the transfer, by testamentary disposition or succession, of any interest or land rights in First Nation land;

WE ARE THE CARETAKERS FOR ALL TURTLE ISLAND FOR THE PRESENT AND FUTURE GENERATIONS.

(c) set out the general rules and procedures that apply to revenues from natural resources belonging to First Nation land;

ALL LIFE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE NATURAL CARTAKERS OF EVERY INCH OF TURTLE ISLAND.

(d) set out the requirements for accountability to First Nation members for the management of moneys and First Nation lands under the land code;

THE BRITISH NORTH AMERICA ACT OF 1867 FRAUDULENTLY ASSUMED JURISDICTION OVER OUR LANDS, RESOURCES, LIVES AND TLLIONS IN INDIAN TRUST FUNDS BY DECLARING US AS NON-HUMANS.

(e) set out the procedures for making and publishing its First Nation laws;

THE INDIAN NEWS.

(f) set out the conflict of interest rules for land management;

SNC LAVALIN STYLE BY CHANGING THE RULES. READ ALL ABOUT IT. FRANK IAKCOBUCCI IS THE GRAND MASTER OF THE SNC-FRAMEWORK SCAM. ALL THREE POLITICAL PARTIES ARE INVOLVED.

https://buffalochronicle.com/2019/03/11/political-grandmaster-frank-iacobucci-is-at-the-center-of-snc-lavalin-kinder-morgan-scandals/?fbclid=IwAR0_I5CRLnFy5nWSeEYCXIxS4LpX5l6mND8pvKkNu8eq72izu8Ce8zzHevk

(g) identify or establish a forum for the resolution of disputes in relation to interests or land rights in First Nation lands, including the review of land management decisions where a person, whose interest or land right in First Nation land is affected by a decision, disputes that decision;

CANADA AND FIRST NATIONS WILL NEED GRIEF COUNSELLING WHEN THEY ARE TAKEN OUT.

(h) set out the general rules and procedures that apply to the First Nation when granting or expropriating interests or land rights in First Nation land, including provisions for notice and the service of notice;

PUT THE NOTE ON AN OBSCURE BULLETIN BOARD THAT NOBODY SEES.

(i) set out the general authorities and procedures whereby the First Nation council delegates administrative authority to manage First Nation land to another person or entity; and

ESPECIALLY IF IT'S THE CHIEF'S FAMILY THAT GETS EVERYTHING

(j) set out the procedure by which the First Nation can amend its land code or approve an exchange of its First Nation land;

IT'S OUR LAND. IF WE WANT, WE'LL TAKE IT. AND WE REFUSED TO BE GASSED IN THEIR SHOWERS.

(k) set out that it will come into force within six months of certification.

ONCE AGAIN, ON WHITE MAN'S CAPITALIST TIME.

5.3 A land code also contain the following provisions:

(a) any general conditions or limits on the power of the First Nation council to make First Nation laws;

HE'S GOT A BIG FAMILY. THEY HAVE TO SUPPORT HIM/HER.

(b) in any province or territory other than, any general exceptions, reservations, conditions or limitations to be attached to the rights and interests that may be granted in First Nation land;

EXEMPT THOSE THE CHIEF DOESN'T LIKE OR IS A TROUBLE MAKING LOUD MOUTH.

(b.1) in the of , any general exceptions, reservations, conditions or limits to be attached to the land rights or other rights that may be granted in First Nation land;

LAST MINUTE ADJUSTMENTS.

(c) any provisions respecting encumbering, seizing, or executing a right or an interest or land right in First Nation land as provided in clause 15;

WHEN THE CHIEF GETS PAID UNDER THE TABLE TO PUT A HIGHWAY, RAILROAD OR PIPELINE THROUGH HIS ENEMY'S PROPERTY.

(d) rules and procedures that apply when accepting land to be added to reserve that will become First Nation land, including rules and procedures regarding the granting of new or replacement interests or land rights in that land;

(e) provisions respecting First Nation laws which may be made under this Agreement that apply during a conjugal relationship, when that relationship breaks down or on the death of a spouse or common-law partner, or provisions for obtaining community input regarding those laws;

THE FAMILY USUALLY STRAIGHTENS FAMILY MATTERS OUT.

(f) general authorities and procedures whereby the First Nation council delegates administrative authority to manage First Nation land to a person or entity who also has authority to manage First Nation land of another First Nation or First Nations; and (dg) any other matter respecting the management of First Nation land.

5.4 In order to clarify the intentions of the First Nations and Canada in relation to the breakdown of a marriage as it affects First Nation land:

MARRIAGE COUNSELLORS ANYONE?

(a) a First Nation will establish a community process in its land code to develop rules and procedures, applicable on the breakdown of a marriage,[written by a divorce lawyer] to the use, occupancy and possession of First Nation land and the division of interests or land rights in that land;

RULES FOR MARRIAGE RELATIONSHIPS? IF YOU DIVORCE, YOU'LL LOSE EVERYTHING. THEY'LL MAKE SURE THE

FAMILY DOESN'T STAY TOGETHER. THEY MAKE ILLEGAL THE MARRIAGES OF THE ONKWEHOWEH.

- (b) for greater certainty, the rules and procedures referred to in clause (a) shall not discriminate on the basis of sex;
- (c) the rules and procedures referred to in clause (a) shall be enacted in the First Nation's land code or First Nation laws;
- (d) in order to allow sufficient time for community consultation during the community process referred to in clause (a), the First Nation shall have a period of 12 months from the date the land code takes effect to enact the rules and procedures;
- (e) any dispute between the Minister and a First Nation in respect of this clause shall, notwithstanding clause 43.3, be subject to arbitration in accordance with Part IX;

WHAT! THE MINISTER BECOMES A MARRIAGE COUNSELLOR!! HOW DOES CANADA DISPUTE THEMSELVES. IT IS ILLOGICAL. NONE OF THESE ENTITIES EXIST.

- (f) for greater certainty, this clause also applies to any First Nation that has voted to approve a land code before this clause comes into force.

WHAT ABOUT SHACKING UP? KAIANEREKOWA GUIDES THESE RELATIONSHIPS. NO ONE IS EVER HAPPY UNDER FAMILY LAWLESSNES.

6. DEVELOPMENT OF INDIVIDUAL FIRST NATION AGREEMENT

6.1 The Minister and each First Nation that intends to manage its First Nation land will also enter into an individual agreement to settle the actual level of operational funding for the First Nation and the specifics of the transfer of administration between Canada and the First Nation.

THE MINISTER IS THE MAJOR SHAREHOLDER OF THE COMPANY! HE HAS THE LAST SAY. THEY CAN'T MANAGE LAND THEY DON'T HAVE.

**CANADA SENT
4500 TROOPS TO OKA
AND 2500 TO AFGHANISTAN.
THATS HOW BIG A DEAL IT IS
———— WAS ————
WILL ALWAYS BE.
#MOHAWKUPRISING**

6.2 The First Nation and the Minister will each choose a representative to develop the individual agreement and to assist in transferring administration of the First Nation land.

THE MILITARY IS PART OF THE SCOUNDREL'S HUGE BUREAUCRACY. WEVE BEEN GREAT CARETAKERS SINCE THE BEGINNING OF TIME WITHOUT ALL THIS FOREIGN RIFF-RAFF INTERFERENCE.

6.3 Upon the request of a First Nation that is developing a land code, the Minister will provide it with the following information, as soon as practicable:

(a) a list of all the interests or land rights and licences, in relation to the proposed First Nation land, that are recorded in the Reserve Land Register and the Surrendered and Designated Lands Register under the Indian Act;

FAKE CROWN DEEDS. ALL NATURAL PEOPLES ARE SOVEREIGNS OF TURTLE ISLAND. NO OTHER LIST EXISTS.

(b) all existing information, in Canada's possession, respecting any actual or potential environmental problems with the proposed First Nation land; and

(c) any other information in Canada's possession that materially affects the interests or land rights and licences mentioned in clause

CANADA IS NOT A LEGAL COUNTRY. IT IS A ILLEGAL CORPORATION BVASED ON GENOCIDE THAT IS SQUATTING ON ONKWEHONWEH LAND. HAS NO CONVEYANCE FROM THE PEOPLE WHOSE LAND THEY EXPLOIT. TITLE WILL REMAIN WITH THE TRUE NATURAL PEOPLE OF TURTLE ISLAND FOREVER.

6.4 An amendment to an individual agreement with the Minister must be made in accordance with the procedure in that agreement.

THE NATURAL WORLD WILL NOT BE DICTATED TO BY THESE ARTIFICIAL TWITS.

7. COMMUNITY APPROVAL

7.1 Both the First Nation's land code and its individual agreement with the Minister need community approval in accordance with this clause.

COMMUNITY APPROVAL BY NON-EXISTENT FIRST NATIONS OF CANADA! A NULL AND VOID CONTRACT CANNOT BE APPROVED ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD ACCORDING TO KAIANEREKOWA AND INTERNATIONAL LAW. THE MEN BEHIND THE CURTAIN DECIDE EVERYTHIHNG!

7.2 Every person who is a First Nation member, whether resident on or off-reserve, who is at least 18 years of age, is eligible to vote on whether to approve their First Nation's proposed land code and its individual agreement with the Minister.

ONKEHONWE DO NOT RECOGNIZE ANY OF THESE MAN MADE NULL AND VOID ENTITIES. CANADA WILL FORCE THOSE WHO DON'T SUPPORT THE FRAMEWORK TO LEAVE AND BECOME PART OF THE CANADIAN BODY POLITIC.

7.3 The land code and individual agreement will be considered approved by the community if a majority of participating eligible voter vote to approve them.

WE GRASSROOTS ONKWEHONWEH ARE THE ONLY ONES WHO MATTER.

or, with respect to Lands Set Aside, the property records of the Northern Affairs organization, Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development;

(a) a majority of eligible voters participate in the vote and at least a majority of the participating voters vote to approve them;

ALMOST 100% OF ONKEWEHONWEH WON'T BE ACKNOWLEDGED AS NATIVE PEOPLE. LESS VOTERS GIVE THEM MORE POWER. LESS SELL-OUTS TO BE PAID OFF.

(b) the First Nation registers all eligible voters who signified, in a manner determined by the First Nation, their intention to vote, and a majority of the registered voters vote to approve them;

THE FEW WHO VOTE HAVE SOLD OUT TO THE CORPORATION OF CANADA.

or

(c) the community approves them in such other manner as the First Nation and the Minister may agree upon.

GREAT WHITE FATHER DECIDES EVERYTHING FOR THE ENSLAVED PRISONERS OF THE POW CAMPS. BUT CANNOT FOR THE FREE NATURAL PEOPLE OF TURTLE ISLAND. FREEDOM IS OUR BIRTHRIGHT AND WE SHALL HAVE IT.

7.4 The land code and individual agreement will not be considered approved if less than 25% plus one of all eligible voters voted to approve them.

IF THREE VOTE AND 2 APPROVE IT IS CALLED THE VOTE OF THE 'ELIGIBLE PEOPLE'!

7.5 The First Nation council may, by resolution, increase the minimum percentage for community approval otherwise required under this clause.

FOR WHEN THE CORPORATION IS DESPERATE TO STEAL THE LAND AND RELOCATE THEIR FIRST NATIONS 'INDIANS' TO A GOD FORSAKEN PATCH OF POLLUTED LAND. THIS IS PLAN B OF WHAT WAS STARTED IN 1924.

7.6 Despite 7.3, the First Nation council may, by resolution prior to a vote, do either or both of the following:

(a) establish a percentage of eligible voters who must participate in the vote in order for the result to be binding;

JUST CHANGE THE RULES WHEN NECESSARY FOR THE WHITE CORPORATION TO GET THE LAND IT WANTS. IF THE CORPORATION AND THEIR "INDIANS" DO SOMETHING WRONG, JUST PUT THEM INTO REHAB, UNDER HOUSE ARREST OR SEND THEM TO THE NUT HOUSE. THEIR PAYOFF CAN BE KEPT IN SOME OFF SHORE ACCOUNTS WHERE THEY CAN GO. SNC LAVALIN SCANDAL IS A SMOKE SCREEN SO PEEOPLE DO NOT LOOK SAT THIS CURRENT FRAMWORK AGREEMENT AS AN ACT OF GENOCIDE.

(b) require that a percentage greater than fifty percent of participating eligible voters must vote to approve the land code and individual agreement in order to obtain community approval.

OBVIOUSLY IF ONLY 5 ARE ELIGIBLE TO VOTE, THEN THE CORPORATION WILL GET THE RESULT IT WANTS.

(c) A First Nation may use electronic voting for the purpose of any vote contemplated in this Agreement.

WHAT ABOUT WHERE THERE IS NO HYDRO?

7.7 A First Nation will take reasonable steps to locate its eligible voters and inform them of:

(a) their right to participate in the process and the manner in which that right can be exercised; and

MAKE SURE THE VOTE TAKES PLACE WHEN THEY ARE AWAY HUNTING, OR ON A JOB OR SERVING TIME.

(b) the content of this Agreement, the individual agreement with the Minister, the proposed land code and the federal legislation;

(c) resolutions, if any, adopted by the First Nation council pursuant to sub-clause 7.4 to locate and inform eligible voters may include: the following: mailing out information to eligible voters at their last known addresses;

WHICH COULD BE ANYWHERE, IN THEIR WORLD, SERVING JAIL TERM, SHACKED UP SOMEWHERE.

making enquiries of family members and others to locate eligible voters whose addresses known or are uncertain; making follow up contact with eligible voters by mail or telephone;

(d) circulating in other localities where the number of eligible voters warrants; placing advertisements in newspapers circulating in the community and in newspapers

WORLDWIDE??

(e) posting notices in the community;

BEHIND THE DOOR WHEREE NOBODY CAN SEE IT OR ON THEIR WEBSITE WHICH NOBODY CAN MAKE HEAD OR TAIL OF.

(f) holding information meetings in the community and in other places where appropriate;

IN KAHNAWAKE AT THE POLICE STATION THAT NO ONE WILL GO TO FOR VARIOUS REASONS.

(g) making copies of the documents referred to in clause available at the administration office of the First Nation and in other places where appropriate;

(h) posting notices and information on the internet; and using electronic mail to communicate with eligible voters.

THOSE WHO HAVE NO CELLS OR ANY ELECTRONICS WOULD NOT BE CONTACTED.

7.8 A First Nation will, within a reasonable time before the vote, also take appropriate measures to inform other persons having an interest or land right in its lands of the federal legislation, the proposed land code and the date of the vote.

“HEY, SOMETIME NEXT YEAR THERE MIGHT BE A VOTE OR SOMETHIN”.

An amendment to a land code must be made in accordance with the procedure in the First Nation's land code.

WHICH NOBODY KNOWS ABOUT.

7.9 Where the federal legislation has not yet been enacted when a First Nation proceeds under this clause, Canada will provide the First Nation with a draft copy of its proposed legislation, which the First Nation will use to inform its eligible voters and other persons.

8 VERIFICATION PROCESS

8.1 Where a First Nation develops a proposed land code and resolves to submit it to the community for approval, an independent person will be appointed as a verifier to monitor and verify the opting process. The verifier will be chosen in accordance with clause 44.

THE PIZZA DELIVERY GUY ON THE REZ KNOWS EVERYBODY AND COULD BE A VERIFIER.

8.2 The council of the First Nation may appoint a person to act as ratification officer.

The representatives of the First Nation and the Minister, who have been assisting in the process of transferring administration of the land, will meet with the verifier, the ratification officer, and provide information and advice to, after consulting with their respective Parties.

FOREIGN DICTATORS GIVE THE CORPORATION OF CANADA THE RIGHT TO CONTROL OUR LIVES. THE MONEY FROM OUR RESOURCES AND LANDS COMES FROM US. THE MILITARY DICTATORSHIP RUNS THE SCAM PAID FROM OUR INDIAN TRUST FUNDS.

The First Nation will submit the following information

WHO SEEMS TO HAVE THE LAST WORD?

- (a) a copy of the proposed land code;
- (b) an initial list of the names of every First Nation member who, according to the First Nation's records at that time, would be eligible to vote on whether to approve the proposed land code; and

THE FEW VERIFIED MEMBERS WILL VOTE ON THE DISPOSITION OF OUR LANDS AND RESOURCES

- (c) a detailed description of the community approval process that the First Nation proposes to use under clause 7

8.3

8.4 The verifier will and, if applicable, the verifier appointed by the ratification officer

- 1. (a) decide whether the proposed land code conforms with the requirements of clause 5; and
- 2. (b) decide whether the proposed community approval process conforms with the requirements of clause 7; .

The verifier also has the power to make a final decision to resolve:

- (a) any dispute regarding whether a portion of a reserve may be excluded from a land code pursuant to clause 4.4; and
- (b) any dispute regarding the specifics of the transfer of administration between Canada and the First Nation.

A verifier will make decisions that are consistent with clauses 4.4 and 4.5.

A verifier will not deal with disputes over funding.

Within 30 days of receiving the First Nation's information pursuant to clause , the verifier will issue a written notice to the First Nation and the Minister stating whether the proposed land code and community approval process are consistent with this Agreement.

The verifier will provide written reasons to the First Nation and the Minister in any case if he or she decides that the proposed land code community approval process are not consistent with this Agreement.

9. CONDUCT OF COMMUNITY VOTE

9.1 Once the verifier confirms that the proposed land code and community approval process are consistent with this Agreement, the First Nation may proceed to submit its proposed land code, and the individual agreement with the Minister [who has the last say] for community approval.

THE VERIFIER CHECKS IT OUT AND CONFIRMS WHAT HAS BEEN SAID. THE RATIFIER SIGNS THE LEGISLATION FOR CANADA THAT VERIFIES LAWS THAT FORCE US TO DO SOMETHING. THERE IS NO CONCENSUS BETWEEN THE PEOPLE UNLIKE THE KAIANEREKOWA. WE ONKWEHONWEH ORIGINAL PEOPLES ARE OVERLOOKED AND REPLACED WITH THE CRIMINAL FIRST NATIONS INC. BAND PEOPLE WHO FRAUDULENTLY SPEAK ON OUR BEHALF WITHOUT OUR KNOWLEDGE OR PERMISSION.

9.2 The verifier or the ratification officer will publish one or more notices advising the community of the date, time and place of the First Nation's approval vote.

IGNORANCE OF THE LAW IS NO DEFENCE. EVERYBODY KNOWS THIS IS CRIMINAL.

9.3 The verifier or the ratification officer may designate one or more assistants to help observe the conduct of the vote.

(a) determine whether the community approval process is conducted in accordance with the process that was confirmed; and

(b) certify as being valid a First Nation's land code that is properly approved by the First Nation.

BAND MEMBERS AND FIRST NATIONS INC. CHIEFS ARE CANADIAN CITIZENS. 99% OF THE ONKWEHONWEH ARE NOT CANADIANS.

9.4 The verifier or the ratification officer and any assistant observers will have complete authority to observe the approval process.

THESE OUTSIDERS ARE IN CHARGE. THEY CAN'T BE CRITICIZED OF ANYTHING. ACCORDING TO THIS DOCUMENT THE REAL PEOPLE DON'T EXIST.

9.5 Within 15 days of the conclusion of the vote, the verifier or the ratification officer will issue a written report to the First Nation and to the Minister on whether the community approval process was conducted in accordance with the process as previously confirmed. If the ratification officer issues this report, he or she will also send a copy to the verifier.

THE MINISTER HAS TO VERIFY EVERYTHING.

An eligible voter may, within five days after the conclusion of the vote, report any irregularity in the voting process to the verifier.

A verifier will not certify a land code if he or she is of the opinion that the following conditions exist:

(1 a) the process by which the land code was approved varied from the process previously confirmed by the verifier or was otherwise irregular; *and*

IF SOMEBODY CHALLENGES THE LAND CODE AND NO ONE REPORTED ANY IRREGULARITY WITHIN 5 YEARS, YOU LOST YOUR CHANCE TO CHALLENGE. THEY CATCH YOU EVERY WHICH WAY. THE GOVERNMENTS LAND CODE IS MADE TO LOOK LIKE COMMUNITY APPROVAL. ONLY CANADIAN CITIZEN BAND MEMBERS CAN VOTE ON THIS ACT. REMEMBER, THE VERIFIER IS A CANADIAN.

(2 b) the land code might not have been approved but for the irregularity in the process.

Before making a decision under this clause, the verifier will provide the First Nation with a reasonable opportunity to make submissions on the issue.

THE OUTSIDE VERIFIER IS IN CHARGE OF EVERYTHING.

Any decision by a verifier under this clause must be made within 10 days of the conclusion of the vote.

10. CERTIFICATION OF LAND CODE

10.1 Where a First Nation approves a land code and its individual agreement in accordance, the First Nations council must, without delay, send a true copy of the land code to the verifier together with a true copy of the signed individual agreement.

10.2 Upon receiving a copy of a First Nation's land code and signed individual agreement , the verifier will, subject to clause, certify the land code as being valid.

10.3 The verifier will immediately provide the First Nation, the Lands Advisory Board and the Minister with a copy of any certified land code.

QUINTESSENTIAL BUREAUCRACY. UP TO NOW CANADA HAS NOT HAD TO SHOW TITLE BECAUSE IT HAS NONE. WITH THIS MANIPULATION OF THE LAND CODE CANADA WILL CREATE FAKE TITLE TO OUR LAND.

with the process as previously confirmed with the Minister and a statement from the First Nation council that the land code and the individual agreement were properly approved

10.4 The Lands Advisory Board will, in such manner as it considers advisable, publish a notice announcing the certification of a land code and the date the land code went into force and advising the public of the means of obtaining copies of it.

SOUNDS LIKE A VERSION OF THE REGISTRY OF DEEDS. THE TRUE HISTORY OF THIS LAND IS OF NO CONSEQUENCE. THIS NEW LAND CODE REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS TITLE WHEREVER THEY ORIGINATED FROM. THIS WILL BE THE NEW REGISTER OF DEEDS BEGINNING WITH THE ORIGINAL THEFT. ONLY THE FAKE TITLE OF CANADA WILL APPEAR ON THE DEEDS. THE ONLY ORIGINAL TITLE IS THAT OF THE ONKWEHONWEH FROM CREATION. CANADA IS GOING TO MANUFACTURE A FAKE TITLE THROUGH THIS SYSTEM.

10.4.1 Certified copies of the land code will be made available to the public at such places deemed necessary by the First Nation.

10.5 Immediately upon the land code coming into force, and upon the coming into force of any amendment to the land code, the First Nation will post a copy of the land code on the website of the First Nation, if the First Nation has a website, and will make a copy available to any member of the public, upon request.

ON OCTOBER 25, 1924, THE INDIAN LANDS ACTS STOLE ONOWAREKEH, TURTLE ISLAND. DEEDS WERE REGISTERED STARTING WITH THE CROWN. NO DOCUMENT EXISTS SHOWING CONVEYANCE OF OUR LAND FROM THE ORIGINAL ONKWEHONWEH PEOPLE AND CREATION TO THE CROWN. SOME WERE PUT ASIDE FOR P.O.W. CAMPS CALLED "RESERVES" RUN BY THE MILITARY, ALL DONE 'AT THE QUEEN'S PLEASURE'. GENUINE REGISTERED DEEDS ARE SUPPOSE TO DESCRIBE EVERY INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY. NOTHING WAS EVER GIVEN TO THE CROWN BY US, THE ONKEHONWEH. THEY HAVE NO DOCUMENTATION TO SHOW THAT ANY INTEREST OF TURTLE ISLAND WAS EVER CONVEYED TO THE CROWN. EVERY LAWYER KNOWS THIS DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED. THIS ISSUE SHOULD BE RAISED IN EVERY REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION BY EVERY LAWYER. IT IS UNETHICAL AND UNLAWFUL NOT TO. STOLEN PROPERTY CANNOT BE CONVEYED.

10.6 Once a land code is certified by a verifier and , the land code has the force of law and will be given judicial notice. A land code that has been certified pursuant to this Agreement is deemed to have been validly approved by the First Nation.

THIS ILLEGAL PROCEDURE MAKES IT SO NO ONE CAN EVER CHALLENGE THIS IN COURT. WE WILL HAVE NO RIGHT TO OUR LAND. IT IS EXTINGUISHED.

10.7 A land code takes effect on the day that it is certified by the verifier or on such later date as may be specified in the land code.

PART III
FIRST NATION LAND MANAGEMENT RIGHTS AND POWER

12. LAND MANAGEMENT POWERS

12.1 A First Nation with a land code in will, subject to clause 13, have the power to manage its First Nation land and exercise its powers under this Agreement.

12.2 This power includes:

- (a) all the rights, powers and privileges of an owner, in relation to its First Nation land; and
- (b) the authority to grant interests or land rights and licences in relation to its First Nation land and to manage its natural resources, subject to clauses 3, and 23.6.

CANADA IS TRYING TO BEAT US DOWN BY THEIR PAPER WAR. FIRST NATION CANADIANS HAVE RELINQUISHED THEIR BIRTHRIGHT. THEY CANNOT SIGN ANYTHING AS THEY ARE CANADIAN CITIZENS WHO ARE PAID AGENTS OF THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT. THEY ARE HELPING CANADA STEAL THE LAND AND ALL ITS NATURAL RESOURCES.

12.3 In any province or territory other than _____, an interest or license granted in relation to First Nation land is subject to any exception, reservation, condition or limitation established by the First Nation in its land code.

CANADA GOT THESE FIRST NATIONS TO ENACT THEIR FRAUDULENT LAWS AND REGULATIONS OVER THEIR RESERVES. 14 FIRST NATIONS INC. AGREE TO THE PIPELINE.

In the of _____, a land right or licence granted in relation to First Nation land is subject to any exceptions, reservations, conditions or limits established by the First Nation in its land code.

FIRST NATIONS IS CANADA. CANADA IS FIRST NATIONS. THEY ARE ALL NOBODIES!

12.4 For any purpose related to First Nation land, a First Nation will have legal capacity to acquire and hold property, to borrow, to contract, to expend and invest money, to be a party to legal proceedings, to exercise its powers and to perform its duties.

THIS IS THE FORECLOSURE SCAM TO CREATE THE CAPACITY TO BUY, HOLD AND SELL STOLEN ONKWEHONWEH LAND. UNDER CANADIAN LAW CANADIAN CITIZENS CANNOT LAWFULLY HOLD, BUY AND SELL OUR LAND. ONLY WE ORIGINAL PEOPLE HAVE A TIE TO THE LAND OF OUR MOTHER. FIRST NATIONS INC. HAVE THE SAME NON RIGHTS AS CANADIAN CITIZENS. THEY DON'T HAVE TITLE AND CAN'T SELL WHAT IS STOLEN. THEY SHOULD ALL BE IN PRISON.

12.5 First Nation land, revenues, royalties, profits and fees in respect of that land will be managed by the First Nation council or its delegate for the use and benefit of the First Nation.

ONLY THOSE WHO SIGN ON AS FIRST NATIONS INC. CANADIANS PROFIT FROM EXPLOITATION.

12.6 If a First Nation establishes an entity for the purpose of administering its First Nation land, the entity shall be deemed to be a legal entity with the capacity, rights, powers and privileges of a natural person.

THIS RUBBER STAMPS THE BAND COUNCIL RESERVE SYSTEM AND THE ATTEMPT TO EXECUTE THE ONKWEHONWEH.

12.7 A First Nation has the right, in accordance with its land code, to receive and use all moneys acquired by or on behalf of the First Nation under its land code.

CANADA CAN TAKE ANY FUNDS FIRST NATIONS EARN ON THE RESERVE. THE FRAMEWORK CHANGES THE EASE WITH WHICH TO STEAL AND KILL.

12.8 a First Nation's land code, all revenue and capital moneys collected, received or held by Canada for the use and benefit of the First Nation before that date, and from time to time thereafter, shall cease to be Indian moneys under the Indian Act, except for the purposes of paragraph 90 (1)(a) and shall be transferred by Canada to the First Nation.

ALL OUR MONEY GOES DIRECTLY TO CANADA AS IT CEASES TO BE INDIAN MONEY.

12.9 For greater certainty, nothing in this Agreement affects the application of paragraph 90(1)(a) of the Indian Act.

INDIAN ACT IS NOT RECINDED. RESERVE PENAL SYSTEM IS ALIVE AND WELL IN CANADA. THE INDIAN ACT CONTINUES TO CONTROL THE FIRST NATIONS AND LEGITIMIZES THE THEFT OF OUR LAND AND PROPERTY.

12.10 Canada and a First Nation that has a land code in force on the date this sub-clause comes into effect may amend the individual agreement to provide for the transfer of that First Nation's capital moneys collected, received or held by Canada for the use and benefit of the First Nation whether or not those monies are collected, received or held before the date of the amendment of the individual agreement, or from time to time thereafter.

FIRST NATION INC. PAID AGENTS OF CANADA CONTROL ALL MONIES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CANADA ONLY. THE ONKWEHONWEH GET NO BENEFIT.

12.11 The Council of a First Nation will, at least 30 days before the amendment of the individual agreement to transfer capital moneys, inform the members of the First Nation of the amount of capital moneys held for the First Nation and the intention of Council to amend the individual agreement.

FIRST NATIONS BAND MEMBERS WILL BE TOLD IF THEY CAN OR CANNOT DO SOMETHING BEFORE THEIR MONEY IS SENT TO CANADA. MEMBERS HAVE NO SAY. FIRST NATIONS CAN BE STARVED INTO SUBMISSION. JUST LIKE WHAT THE U.S. IS DOING IN VENEZUELA RIGHT NOW.

12.12 Upon amendment of the individual agreement to transfer capital moneys, those capital moneys shall cease to be Indian moneys under the Indian Act.

THE TRILLIONS OF INDIAN TRUST FUNDS WILL CONTINUE TO BE STOLEN BY CANADA. EACH SOVEREIGN NATIVE IS OWED OVER \$50 MILLION.

13. PROTECTION OF FIRST NATION LAND

13.1 Title to First Nation land is not changed when a First Nation's land code into force.

THE RESERVATION PENAL SYSTEM REMAINS THE SAME.

13.2 The Parties declare that it is of fundamental importance to maintain the amount and integrity of First Nation land.

THE INTEGRITY OF TRUE ORIGINAL PEOPLE'S LAND IS ALL OF TURTLE ISLAND FROM POLE TO POLE, OCEAN TO OCEAN. FIRST NATIONS INC. BEING CANADIAN HAVE NO INTEGRITY. TURTLE ISLAND WILL NEVER TO SOLD, EXCHANGED, COVEYED OR TRANSFERRED FOR ANY REASON WHATSOEVER.

13.3 First Nation land will not be sold, exchanged, conveyed or transferred, except for any exchange or expropriation of First Nation land made in accordance with this Agreement.

14. VOLUNTARY EXCHANGE OF FIRST NATION LAND

14.1 A First Nation has the right to exchange a parcel of First Nation land for another parcel of land, if that other parcel of land becomes First Nation land.

PARLIAMENT HILL IS ON NATIVE LAND AND WILL BE MOVED FIRST. THE GOVERNMENT CAN ONLY LEAVE THEIR FOOTPRINT, WHICH CAN EASILY BE REMOVED BY THE FIRST RAIN OR A BLAST OF HOT AIR FROM THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

An exchange of First Nation land may provide for additional compensation, including land that may not become First Nation land, and may be subject to any other terms and conditions.

THERE IS NO FIRST NATIONS LAND. ONLY ONONWAREKEH, TURTLE ISLAND.

14.2 Any exchange of First Nation land will require community approval in accordance with the process established in the land code.

FIRST NATIONS INC. LAND IS P.O.W. LAND/RESERVE UNDER MILITARY MARTIAL LAW. THESE FIRST NATIONS INC. WHO HAVE TAKEN THE PAY OFF NEVER COMPLAIN ABOUT THEIR SERVITUDE. THEY DON'T WANT TO LOSE THEIR BENEFITS AS PAID AGENTS OF CANADA. THEY MIGHT PRETEND TO SQUAWK WHILE THEIR HAND IS OUT.

14.3 First Nation land will only be exchanged for land that Canada consents to set apart as a reserve or as Lands Set Aside.

SUCH AS NUCLEAR WASTE AND GARBAGE DUMPS OR LANDS THAT CANADA HAS ANOTHER USE FOR.

In addition, the agreement of Canada is required on the technical aspects of the exchanged.

THE TRAITORS DON'T GET ANYTHING. DEEDS ARE FRAUDULENTLY MANUFACTURED PAPERS THAT UNLAWFULLY CONVEY STOLEN PROPERTY.

14.4 The title to the land to be received in exchange for that First Nation land will be transferred to Canada and will be set apart by Canada as a reserve or as Lands Set Aside, as of the date of the land exchange or such later date as the First Nation may specify.

CANADA MAINTAINS CONTROL OF ITS STOLEN PROPERTY.

This does not apply to land that is received by the First Nation [Inc.] as additional compensation and that is not intended to become First Nation land.

IF THEY STEAL LAND FROM SOME OTHER MEANS, IT IS STILL CANADIAN LAND. BAND MEMBERS AND FIRST NATIONS INC. MEMBERS CAN NEVER HAVE LAND AS THEY GAVE UP THEIR BIRTHRIGHT. CANADA MAINTAINS FRAUDULENT TITLE TO EVERYTHING UNTIL OUR EXTINCTION. WHICH WOULD INCLUDE EXTINCTION OF BAND COUNCILS, BAND MEMBERS AND RESERVES AS THEY WILL NO LONGER BE NEEDED. CANADA WILL HAVE A NICE STORY TO TELL THE WORLD, IF THEY GET AWAY WITH THE CRIME OF GENOCIDE. THE FRAMEWORK ASSUMES ALL ONKWEHONWEH WANT TO BE LIKE THEIR SETTLER COLONIAL OVERLORDS. WE REFUSE TO BE ANYTHING LIKE THESE ARTIFICIAL ENTITIES THAT CAN'T CONNECT TO THE EARTH.

14.5 Where an exchange of First Nation land is approved by a First Nation in accordance with its land code, the First Nation can execute an authorization to Canada to transfer title to the land.

ALL LAND AND RESOURCES GO TO CANADA FOR ITS USE AND BENEFIT. IT'S AN UNCONSCIONABLE CONTRACT WITH ITSELF TO STEAL EVERYTHING.

14.6 Upon the issuance to Canada of an authorization to transfer title to First Nation inc.

THE LAND OF THE ONKWEHONWEH

under clause 14.5, Canada will transfer title to the land in accordance with the authorization and the applicable terms and conditions of the exchange.

14.7 A copy of the instruments or acts transferring title to First Nation land will be registered in the First Nation Lands Register.

14.8 As of the date of the land exchange, or such later date as the First Nation may specify, the description of First Nation land in the land code will be deemed to be amended to delete the description of the First Nation land that was exchanged and to add the description of the First Nation land received in exchange.

14.9 For greater certainty, the First Nation land that was exchanged will cease to be a reserve or Lands Set Aside, as the case may be.

14A. ADDITION OF LAND TO FIRST NATION LAND

'CODE LAND' REPLACES 'RESERVE'.

14A.1 In accordance with any request made by a First Nation that has a land code in force, the Minister may, by order, set apart as a reserve, for the use and benefit of the First Nation, any lands the title to which is vested in Canada, and provide in the order that the lands are First Nation land.

NO LANDS ARE VESTED IN CANADA. CANADA WILL TRY TO RENAME TURTLE ISLAND AS "CODE LAND".

14A.2 Before the lands are transferred to Canada by the First Nation or a third party for the purpose of being set apart as a reserve, or before the lands are set apart as a reserve, the First Nation may, in accordance with its land code, (a) grant interests or land rights in and licences in relation to the lands and (b) enact zoning or other laws within the scope of this Agreement in relation to the lands that will come into force only if and when the lands become First Nation Inc. land.

SO THE BANKERS CAN COME IN AND OWN EVERY RESERVE LIKE THEY OWN EVERY MUNICIPALITY IN CANADA. STOLEN LANDS ARE ALL TRANSFERRED TO FIRST NATIONS INC. BY MINISTERIAL ORDER. IT'S ANOTHER LAYER OF THEFT. FIRST NATIONS WILL HAVE ZONING LAWS, TAXATION, LICENCES AND PERMITS FOR EVERYTHING, ENFORCED BY THE MILITARY. ONKWEHONWEH ARE PAPERLESS. THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT IS, "YOU CAN'T! YOU CAN'T! YOU CAN'T!" TO TRY TO BRING ONKWEHONWEH TO THEIR KNEES LIKE THE ENSLAVED WHITE PEOPLE. TO BUILD A SHED OR CHICKEN COOP REQUIRES LICENSES, PERMITS, APPROVAL AND REGULATIONS ON MOTHER NATURE'S FREE LAND. WHITE PEOPLE AND POLITICIANS ARE ENVIOUS OF THE ONKWEHONWEH AND WANT US TO BE AS MISERABLE AS THEY ARE. THE FRAMEWORK TRIES TO PUT CLOUDS OVER THE SUN. THE LAND CODE EVEN PICKS YOUR NEIGHBOR FOR YOU. RECONCILIATION MEANS WE ARE TO BE TRAPPED BY WHITE LAWS. NATURE AND THE TRUE PEOPLE DON'T NEED PERMITS.

14A.3 As of the date of any ministerial order adding land to First Nation land, the description of the First Nation land in the land code and in the individual agreement will be deemed to be amended to a...

HOW TO ADD STOLEN LAND TO STOLEN LAND.

14A.4 The Minister will register a copy of any ministerial order adding land to First Nation land in the First Nation Land Register.

BURN DOWN THE REGISTER. FREE THE LAND AND THE ONKWEHONWEH!

14A.5 Without limiting the generality of clause 50, Canada will not be liable for, and the First Nation will indemnify Canada from, any loss arising from any act or omission by the First Nation, or any person or entity acting on behalf of the First Nation, in relation to the obtaining of any discharges or granting of any interests or land rights or licences prior to a ministerial order adding land to First Nation land.

THE FRAMEWORK FREES CANADA OF ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANYTHING. CAN'T BE SUED, CHALLENGED OR

CRITICIZED. THE FIRST NATION INC. IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY PROBLEMS. THEY MAKE THEIR MEMBERS PAY.

14A.6 Without limiting the generality of clause 50, the First Nation will not be liable for, and Canada will indemnify the First Nation from, any loss arising from any act or omission by Canada, or any person or entity acting on behalf of Canada, in relation to the obtaining of any discharges or granting of any interests or land rights or licences prior to a ministerial order adding land to First Nation land.

MISTAKES WILL BE BORNE BY THE FIRST NATIONS. CANADA HOPES TO CATCH THEM MAKING MISTAKES AND GRAB EVERYTHING THEY HAVE.

IN RECONCILIATION CANADA IS THE DICTATOR AND THE FIRST NATIONS THE FOLLOWERS. THEY WILL BE EXTERMINATED OR ASSIMILATED. RECONCILIATION LAWS FORCE SUBMISSION TO CANADA'S LAWS AND WAY OF LIFE TO TRY TO EXTINGUISH THE ONKWEHONWEH THROUGH PAPER GENOCIDE. THEY ADMIT TO CARRYING OUT CULTURAL GENOCIDE. WE CHALLENGE THEM AGASIN TO MEET US AT THE PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION IN THE HAGUE.

14A.7 Nothing in this Agreement precludes Canada from setting apart lands as a reserve for a First Nation under the royal prerogative or an Act of Parliament.

QUEENIE'S ONLY CONVEYANCE IS THROUGH THE TEIOHATEH 1701. SHE IS IN VIOLATION OF THIS. THIS GAVE THE RIGHT TO COHABITATE THE LAND, NOT TO OWN IT. CANADA IS A COMPANY, JUST LIKE EATON'S.

15. IMMUNITY FROM SEIZURE, ETC.

15.1 The Parties confirm that section 29 and subsections 89(1) and (2) of the Indian Act.

THE DREAM IS THAT THE MINISTER HAS THE SAY AND GETS THE MONEY. CANADA TAKES OWNERSHIP OF TURTLE ISLAND SO THAT ONLY CANADA CAN CONVEY IT. THE FIRST NATIONS INC. HAVE THE TEMPORARY USE TO SURVIVE AND

LIVE ON TURTLE ISLAND. THE SCREWS OF THE INDIAN ACT ARE BEING TIGHTENED.

15.2 Subsection 89(1.1) of the Indian Act will continue to apply to all leasehold interests or leases that existed when the land code of the First Nation [Inc.] land was designated land at that time.

CANADA IS STILL A MILITARY OCCUPATION, RUN FROM THE 14TH FLOOR OF 10 WELLING IN HULL.

15.3 A land code may provide that some or all of the provisions of subsection 89(1.1) of the Indian Act are also applicable to other leasehold interests or leases in any First Nation lands.

LIKE THE MOB, FIRST NATIONS INC. HAVE TO PAY FOR PROTECTION FROM THEM TO AVOID THEIR BUSINESSES BEING BURNT DOWN. THE MOB IS THE GOVERNMENT.

15.4 The Parties confirm that section 87 of the Indian Act continues to apply to First Nation land, so that:

(a) the interest of an Indian or a First Nation in a reserve that is First Nation land remains exempt from taxation, subject to section 83 of the Indian Act; and

CANADA DOES NOT TAX THEMSELVES. THEY ADMIT THEY STOLE ALL THIS PROPERTY.

(b) the personal property or the movables of an Indian or a First Nation, situated on a reserve that is First Nation land, remains exempt from taxation.

EVERYTHING COMES FROM THE LAND.

16. THIRD PARTY INTERESTS

16.1 Interests or land rights or licences held by third parties or Canada in First Nation land, that exist at the time the land code , continue in force according to their terms and conditions.

Any rights of locatees in possession of First Nation land, either by custom or by allotment under the Indian Act, to transfer, lease and share in natural resource revenues will be defined in the land code.

CANADA, THIRD PARTIES AND FIRST NATIONS INC. HAVE NO RIGHTS, NO INTEREST IN OR LAND RIGHTS.

Once a land code , no interest, land right or licence in relation to First Nation land may be acquired or granted except in accordance with the land code.

16.2 for greater certainty, the terms of a designation or surrender made by a first nation under the Indian act do not restrict the ability of the first nation and third parties, by agreement, to modify an interest, land right, or licence in first nation land.

THIS ACKNOWLEDGES THE TRUE ORIGINAL NATURAL TITLE OF ONOWAREKEH BY THOSE PLACED HERE BY CREATION AND ADHERE TO THE KAIANEREKOWA THROUGH THE TEIOHATEH.

16.3 any rights of locates in possession of fist nation land, either by custom or allotment under the Indian act, to transfer, lease and share in natural resource revenues will be defined in the land.

REFERS TO COASTAL PEOPLE IN B.C. WHERE THE FIRST NATIONS HAVE GIVEN OIL COMPANIES THE RIGHT TO COME IN AND TAKE WHAT THEY WANT. CANADA WILL BENEFIT. THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT CONSPIRACY IS BETWEEN CANADA, ITS FIRST NATIONS PUPPETS AND THE OIL COMPANIES.

16.4 once a land code comes into force, no interest, land right or licences in relations to first nation may be acquired or grant4ed except in accordance with the land code.

CANADA'S CONSENT IS REQUIRED FOR EVERYTHING.

16.5 For greater certainty, disputes in relation to third party interests shall be dealt with in the forum identified or established in a land code pursuant to clause 5.2(g).

THE SYSTEM IS CONTROLLED BY CANADA. FIRST NATIONS INC. ARE WINDOW DRESSING. THE TRUE ORIGINAL NATURAL PEOPLE HAVE ALL THE POWER AND ARE LOCKED OUT AND NOT ACKNOWLEDGED. THIS WILL BE DISPUTED UNTIL IT IS FNISHED.

17. EXPROPRIATION BY FIRST NATIONS

17.1 A First Nation with a land code in has the right to expropriate interests or land rights in First Nation lands without consent if deemed by the First Nation council to be necessary for community works or other First Nation purposes.

HOMES CAN BE SEIZED ANYTIME WITHOUT CONSENT OR PAYMENT.

16. For greater certainty, the terms of a designation or surrender made by a First Nation under the Indian Act do not restrict the ability of the First Nation and third parties, by agreement, to modify an interest, land right or licence in First Nation land.

THESE ARE MINOR AND DO NOT CHANGE THE INTENT.

17.2 A First Nation's power of expropriation will be exercised in accordance with the rules and procedures specified in its land code, its laws and this Agreement.

ACCORDING TO CANADA'S DICTATORSHIP.

17.3 In any province or territory other than Qué bec, an interest in First Nation land that a First Nation expropriates becomes the property of the First Nation **[CANADA]** free of any previous claim or encumbrance in respect of the interest.

OUR SOVEREIGNTY WILL BE UNLAWFULLY IGNORED AND THE FIRST NATION [CANADA] INC. AGREED TO IT.

In the of Qué bec, the First Nation that expropriates a land right in its First Nation lands becomes the holder of that right free of any previous right, charge or claim in respect of that land right.

EVERYTIME ANY ORIGINAL PERSON GOES INTO COURT, THEY GIVE UP ALL CLAIMS. 17.3 THE CASE HAS TO BE DISMISSED. YOU ARE EXTINCT.

17.4 A First Nation that expropriates an interest or land right in First Nation land will give fair compensation based on the heads of compensation set out in the Expropriation Act (Canada).

17.5 A First Nation will establish a mechanism to resolve disputes over compensation it pays for expropriation.

17.6 Any interest in First Nation land that was obtained pursuant to section 35 of the Indian Act or any interest or land right that has been acquired by Canada, or that is acquired after this Agreement comes into force by Canada in accordance with this Agreement, is not subject to First Nation expropriation.

17.7 A First Nation is not precluded from entering into an agreement with a utility or public body for the purpose of granting it an interest or land right in First Nation land that is exempt from expropriation by the First Nation.

17.8 No expropriation of an interest or land right in First Nation land by a First Nation takes effect earlier than either of the following days:

(a) the date the notice of expropriation is registered in the First Nation Lands Register; or (b) the 30th day after the day the last copy of the notice is served.



PART IV

FIRST NATION LAW MAKING

18. LAW MAKING POWERS

18.1 The council of a First Nation with a land code in will have the power to make laws, in accordance with its land code, respecting the development, conservation, protection, management, use and possession of First Nation land and interests or land rights and licences in relation to that land. This includes laws on any matter necessary or ancillary to the making of laws in relation to First Nation land.

RACISM. THE FIRST NATIONS INC. AS CANADIAN AGENTS WILL HAVE ACCESS TO OUR LAND. THE KAIANEREKOWA IS THE PRINCIPLE AND CULTURE SINCE THE BEGINNING OF TIME AND WILL CONTINUE.

18.2 The following examples illustrate some of the First Nation laws contemplated by the Parties: ***[FOREIGNERS]***

(a) laws on the regulation, control and prohibition of zoning, land use, subdivision control and land development;

THE CONTROL BY THESE FOREIGNERS IS ILLEGAL AND ENDLESS. KAIANEREKOWA IS OUR GUIDE. TEWATATAWI. THIS IS DETESTIBLE GOVERNMENT BUREAUCFRACY RUN BY MEGLAOMANIAC BUREAUCRATS.

(b) laws on the creation, regulation and prohibition of interests or land rights and licences in relation to First Nation land;

OUR OIL AND GAS RIGHTS WILL BE TAKEN OVER BY CANADA AND ITS CANADIAN FIRST NATONS.

(c) laws on environmental assessment and protection;

KAIANEREKOWA GUIDES US ON ENVRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT AND PROTECTION.

(d) laws on the provision of local services in relation to First Nation land and the imposition of equitable user charges;

NOTHING FOR FREE. EVERYTHING TO BE POCKETED BY CANADA.

and

- (e) laws on the provision of services for the resolution, outside the courts, of disputes in relation to First Nation land.

FIRST NATIONS WILL ENFORCE LAWS ON BEEKEEPING, CATCHING DOGS, FISHING LICENCES, ETC. WHICH IS BEING CALLED "SELF-DETERMINATION".

- (a) use, occupation and possession of family homes on its First Nation (Inc.) land;

CANADA OWNS OUR HOMES AND LANDS.

- (c) the period of cohabitation in a conjugal relationship to qualify as a common-law partner.

KAIANEREKPWA ADDRESSES EVERYTHING FOR THE TRUE NATURAL PEOPLE OF TURTLE ISLAND. THE FIRST NATIONS ARE MUNICIPAL ADJUNCTS OF CANADA.

18.3 A First Nation with a land code in force has the power to make First Nation laws that apply during a conjugal relationship, when that relationship breaks down or on the death of a spouse or common-law partner, respecting:

WE DON'T RECOGNIZE ANY OF THIS.

- (a) the division of the value of any interests or land rights held by spouses or common-law partners in or to structures and lands on its First Nation land; and
- (b) despite subsection 89(1) of the Indian Act, provisions for enforcing, on First Nation land, an order of a court or a decision made or an agreement reached under those laws;

UNDER CANADIAN ADMIRALTY LAW COURTS.

and

18.4 First Nation laws made pursuant to sub-clause 18.3 may include provisions for:

- (a) administering those laws;
- (c) procedures for amendment and repeal of those laws.

CANADIAN BUREAUCRACY AT ITS WORST. TO DROWN EVERYBODY.

18.5 The council of a First Nation will provide, to the Attorney General of any province or territory in which its First Nation land is situated, notice of its intent to make laws pursuant to sub-clause 18.3 and, upon enactment, provide a copy of those laws to the Attorney General.

FOR THEIR APPROVAL.

any act or omission occurring in the exercise of a power or the performance of a duty under the land code or a First Nation law.

18.6 The council of a First Nation with a land code in force will have the power to make laws providing for limits on liability, defences and immunities to any person or entity in respect of

GIVES FIRST NATION INC. AND CANADA ABSOLUTE POWER WITHOUT ANY CONSEQUENCES. CANADA CAN DO ANYTHING IT WANTS. NOTHING CAN BE DONE ABOUT IT. THE FIRST NATIONS INC. AND THEIR MEMBERS WILL BE LIVING LIKE THE COLONIAL SETTLERS. THOSE OFF RESERVE DO NOT EXIST. WHAT ABOUT HEALTH CARDS, PENSIONS, ETC. FOR "EXTINCT" ONKWEHONWEH. OUR MONIES WILL BE SPENT BY THE FIRST NATIONS AND CANADA. CANADA WILL DISSOLVE. KAIANEREKOWA, THE GREAT PEACE, IS THE TEWATATAWI, THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY WAY.

18.7 The limits on liability, defences and immunities in a First Nation law shall be no greater than those that would apply to a person or entity performing a similar duty under the laws of the province or territory in which the First Nation land is situated.

THERE IS NO RECOURSE AGAINST THE CORPORATE GOVERNMENT, WHICH CAN DO NO WRONG. THIS SECTION IMMUNIZES THEM FROM ANY LIABILITY.

A land code will not address the taxation of real or personal property or of immovables or movables. In any proceeding, a copy of a First Nation law, appearing to be certified as a true copy by an officer of the First Nation is, without proof of the officer's signature or official character, evidence of its enactment on the date specified in the law.

THIS IS BUREAUCRACY ON STEROIDS. THE REGISTRY ESTABLISHES FALSE TITLE TO OUR LAND. THIS ACT PROVES THAT THE CROWN DOES NOT OWN THE LAND. TITLE CANNOT EXIST IF THEY DON'T GET THE FAKE FIRST NATIONS INC. TO SIGN IT TO CREAT THE FAKE DEEDS. RULES ARE FOR PEOPLE YOU CAN'T TRUST, LIKE FIRST NATION INC. AND THE CORPORATION OF CANADA.

This Agreement does not affect or extend existing rights and powers, or create additional rights and powers, related to fisheries.

ARTIFICIAL ENTITIES ARE TRYING TO TAKE OVER THE NATURAL WORLD. TRUE ORIGINAL PEOPLE ARE NOT CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT, MAKING US BETTER OFF THAN THE FIRST NATIONS INC. WE DON'T NEED FISHING OR DRIVER'S LICENCES. AS SOVEREIGNS EACH OF US HAS A RIGHT TO LIVE ACCORDING TO CREATION 'S WAYS.



19. ENFORCEMENT OF FIRST NATION LAWS

19.1 To enforce its land code and its First Nation laws, a First Nation will have the power to

1. (a) establish offences that are punishable on summary conviction;
PERSONS WHO DON'T FOLLOW THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT ARE NON-EXISTENT, SO NOTHING APPLIES.
2. (b) provide for fines, imprisonment, restitution, community service, and
FEDERAL PENALTIES APPLY ONLY TO FIRST NATIONS INC., THE GOVERNMENT PAID AGENTS, BUT NOT TO FREE ONKWEHONWEH WHO DON'T KNOW WHAT THE HECK IS GOING ON! RECONCILIATION REQUIRES THE FIRST NATIONS INC. ADHERENTS TO FOLLOW CANADIAN LAW. THIS IS NOT SELF GOVERNMENT. THE ONKWEHONWEH OF TURTLE ISLAND HAVE TOTAL JURISDICTION TO ALL LANDS THAT THEY HAVE NOT CEDED, WHICH IS ALL OF TURTLE ISLAND.

3.

means for achieving compliance;

(c) establish comprehensive enforcement procedures consistent with federal, or provincial or territorial law, including inspections, searches, seizures and compulsory sampling, testing and the production of information; and
MILITARY SYSTEM OF REGULATIONS IS ONLY VALID ON FIRST NATIONS INC. PEOPLE. FREE ONKWEHONWEH OF TURTLE ISLAND DO NOT COME UNDER ANY OF THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT AS WE NEVER INDIVIDUALLY FREELY GAVE OUR CONSENT.

19.1A A First Nation may enter into agreements with other governments or government agencies to collect any fines, debts, fees or other penalties imposed by its land code or First Nation laws.

THIS IS A MASS AMOUNT OF MATERIAL WHICH IS NOT UNDERSTANABLE. FIRST NATIONS AND CANADA DO NOT LEGALLY EXIST. IT IS A QUAGMIRE SWAMP LAND. THEY ARE SINKING.

19.2 First Nation laws may adopt or incorporate by reference the summary conviction procedures of the Criminal Code for the purpose of enforcement.
CRIMINAL COURTS APPLY TO FIRST NATIONS INC. WHO HAVE NO RIGHTS EXCEPT WHAT THEY AGREED TO CANADA GIVING THEM. THESE PRIVATE COURTS DON'T APPLY TO THE ONKWEHONWEH. SAME GOES FOR THE LAND. WE NEVER VALIDLY GAVE IT UP. SO CANADAS AND ITS FIRST NATIONS ARE LANDLESS AND SQUATTERS.

Section 83 of the Indian Act will continue to apply.

Federal laws that address the taxation of real or personal property or of immovables or movables on reserve will continue to apply to First Nation land.

THE RIGHT FOR OUTSIDE FORCES TO ENTER THE COMMUNITY TO SEIZE APPLIES ONLY TO FIRST NATIONS INC. PEOPLE. NOT ORIGINAL FREE ONKWEHONWEH. WE ARE EACH SOVEREIGN AND FREE. WHEN THE BANKERS GIVE MORTGAGES ON OUR PROPERTY, THEY WILL OWN THE RESERVES.

18.11 For greater certainty, a First Nation may enter into agreements with other governments or government agencies in Canada regarding the performance of duties under First Nation laws by officials or bodies of those governments or agencies. **BUREAUCRATIC BOONDOGGLE.**

(d) provide for the collection of non-tax debts, fees or charges owed to the First Nation using taxation collection remedies made under First Nation taxation laws. **FIRST NATION INC. IS A TAX COLLECTION AGENCY FOR CANADA.**

19.3 Persons may be appointed by the First Nation or the Governor in Council to act as justices of the peace for the purposes of enforcement. If no justice of the peace is appointed, then First Nation laws will be enforced through the provincial or territorial courts.

19.4 A person appointed as a justice of the peace under this clause will have jurisdiction to try offences established by or under a land code or a First Nation law.

19.5 Decisions made by a justice of the peace appointed under this clause may be appealed to a court of competent jurisdiction.

19.6 The First Nation will protect the independence of each justice of the peace it appoints in a way similar to that in a province or territory, for example tenure, removal and remuneration.

19.7 The First Nation and Canada may enter into agreements for the training, supervision and administrative support for justices of the peace appointed by the First Nation. Provinces or territories may also be parties to such agreements with First Nations.

19.8 The First Nation and Canada will enter into an agreement for the appointment, training, supervision and administrative support for any justice of the peace appointed under this clause by the Governor in Council. The affected province or territory will be invited to participate in the development of and to be a party to such agreement.

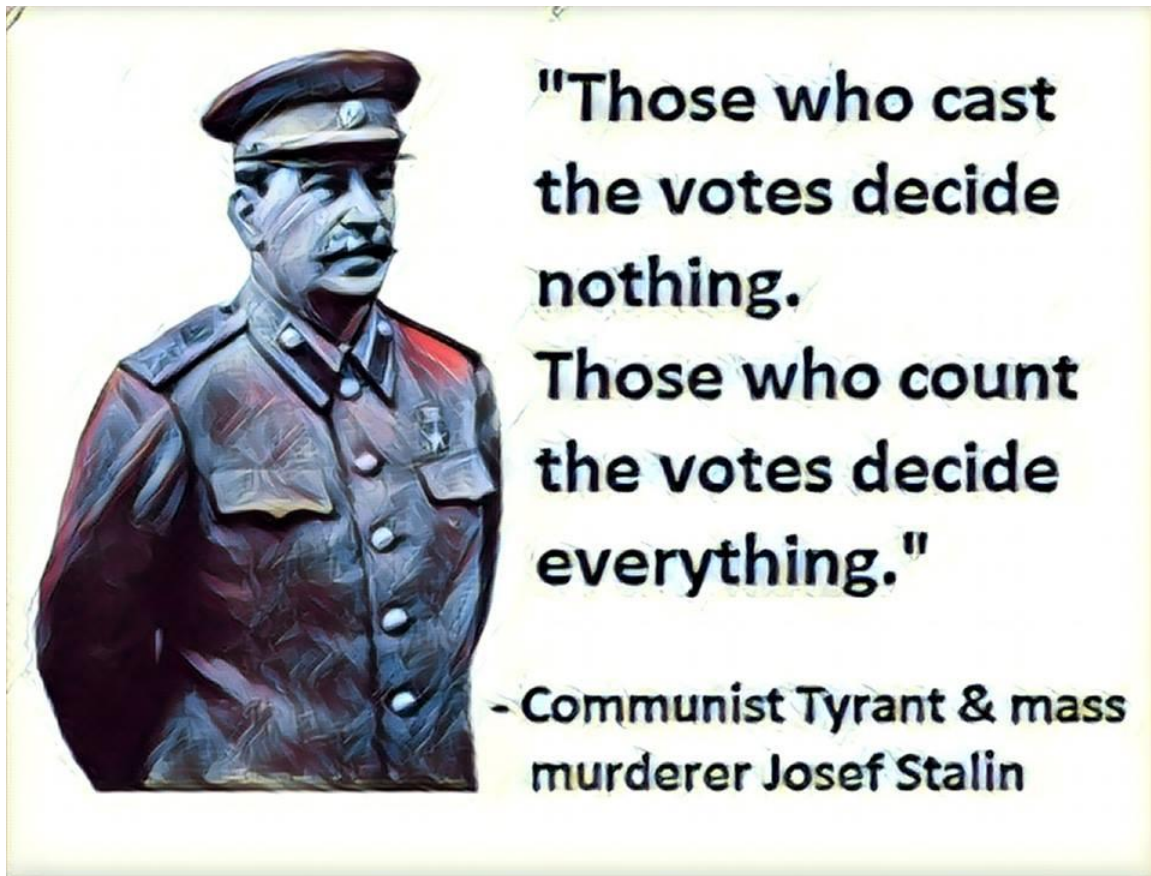
19.9 For the purpose of prosecuting offences, the First Nation will

(a) retain its own prosecutor; retain its own prosecutor or enter into an agreement with a province or territory to arrange for a provincial or territorial prosecutor.

Or follow one or more of these options:

(b) enter into an agreement with Canada and the government of the province to arrange for a provincial prosecutor; or

(c) enter into an agreement with Canada to arrange for a federal agent to prosecute these offenses.



20. APPLICATION OF FEDERAL LAWS

20.1 Federal laws applicable on First Nation land will continue to apply, except to the extent that they are inconsistent with the federal legislation.

20.2 Notwithstanding any inconsistency with the federal legislation, the Emergencies Act will apply on First Nation land, but any of an interest or land right in First Nation land under the Emergencies Act shall be authorized expressly by an order in council.

20.3 For greater certainty, and subject to Part VII, the Atomic Energy Control Act or any successor legislation continue to apply to First Nation lands.

20.4 Notwithstanding any inconsistency with the federal legislation, the Nuclear Safety and Control Act and the Nuclear Energy Act apply on First Nation land, but any expropriation of an interest or land right in First Nation land under the Nuclear Energy Act shall be subject to the expropriation rules under Part VII of this Agreement.

21. *INAPPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE NAUSEOUS INDIAN ACT AND REGULATIONS. THEY ARE ESTABLISHED, PAID, MILITARILY AND ECONOMICALLY PROTECTED AND SUPPORTED BY THE FOREIGNERS. AND THESE CRIMINALS VIOLATE THE KAIANEREKOWA SO THEY DON'T BELONG ON TURTLE ISLAND.*

THE JODY WILSON RAYBOULD ISSUE SHOWS TRUDEAU AND THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT ARE IN SERIOUS TROUBLE. TSAR MICHAEL WERNICK, DICTATOR CLERK OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL, OF ENGLAND, HAS EXPOSED WHO RUNS THE COLONY. WARNICK RAN CANADA FOR 33 YEARS, CONFIRMING COLONIAL SETTLERS HAVE NO POWER. THE WHOLE THIEVING KINGDOM IS EXPOSED, WHICH THE COLONY OF CANADA IS IN A PANIC TO PROTECT. WERNICK ATTACKS RAYBOULD TO DISCREDEIT HER WITHOUT ANY BASIS OTHER THAN TO TRY TO FINALIZE THE 'RECONCILIATION' THEFT OF TURTLE ISLAND AND EXTINCTION OF THE ORIGINAL PEOPLE.

21.1 Once a land code, the First Nation, its members and its First Nation land will not be subject to the following:

THE INDIAN ACT IS STILL ALIVE TO COMPLETE THE GENOCIDE.

1. (a) sections 18 to 20 and 22 to 28 of the Indian Act;
2. (b) sections 30 to 31 and 34 to 35 of the Indian Act;
3. (c) sections 37 to 41 of the Indian Act;
4. (d) sections 49, 50(4) and 53 to 60 of the Indian Act;
5. (e) sections and 71 of the Indian Act;
6. (f) section 93 of the Indian Act;
7. (g) regulations made under section 57 of the Indian Act; and
8. (h) regulations made under sections 42 and 73 of the Indian Act to the extent that they are inconsistent with this Agreement or the land code or the laws of the First Nation.

THE SOVEREIGN ONKWEHONWEH DO NOT NEED PERMITS TO DO ANYTHING ANYWHERE.

21.2 Notwithstanding sub-clause 21.1, a First Nation whose capital moneys are transferred to it

THE INDIAN TRUST FUND WAS TAKEN BY FORCE AND SUBTERFUGE.

by way of an amendment to the individual agreement remains subject to sections 61 to 65 and 67 to 68 of the Indian Act until such time as the amendment to the individual agreement takes effect.

21.3 Notwithstanding sub-clauses 21.1 and 21.2, sections 61 to 65 and 67 to 68 of the Indian Act continue to apply to the extent necessary in respect of moneys collected, received or held by Canada under the Indian Act for the use and benefit of an individual.

THE CRIMINALS DON'T WANT TO GIVE US OUR MONEY OR JURISDICTION OVER OUR LAND.

22. EXISTING FIRST NATION BY- LAWS

22.1 A First Nation will continue to have the authority under the Indian Act to make by- laws.

THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT APPLIES TO THOSE WHO INDIVIDUALLY PERSONALLY SIGN ON. THE REST OF THE ONKWEHONWEH REMAIN FREE AND CARETAKERS OF ONOWAREKEH, TURTLE ISLAND. CANADA AND THE FIRST NATIONS INC. HAVE NO RIGHT TO INTERFERE WITH ONKWEHONWEH. WE ARE CREATION WITHIOUT RESTRICTION. THE CANADA-FIRST NATIONS INC. REGIME IS ONLY THOSE WHO VOLUNTEERED AND FREELY GAVE UP THEIR BIRTHRIGHT AND FREEDOM.



THE EAGLE SEES AFAR AND HAS WARNED US OF IMPENDING DANGER. WE MUST DEFEND OUR MOTHER AND ALL LIFE.

PART V
ENVIRONMENT

23. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

23.1 The council of a First Nation with a land code in will have the power to make environmental laws relating to First Nation land.

CAN'T MAKE ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS BECAUSE FIRST NATIONS INC. HAVE NO LAND.

- (a) laws relating to contaminants on First Nation lands;
- (c) environmental emergencies and natural disasters;
- (d) conservation and heritage management requirements;
- (e) nuisances, including noise, odours and vibrations;
- (f) recycling, solid waste management and garbage disposal;
- (g) unsightly premises;
- (h) sewage and effluent discharges; and
- (i) implementation of any provisions of a First Nation environmental management plan.

WE REFUSE TO JEOPARIZE OUR LIVES AND POSSESSIONS BECAUSE WE FOLLOW THE LAWS OF NATURE.

23.2 The Parties intend that there should be both an environmental assessment and an environmental protection regime for each First Nation.

PROVIDES A JOB FOR THE CHIEF'S GOOD-FOR-NOTHING SON IN LAW.

23.3 The principles of these regimes are set out below.

23.4 The environmental assessment and protection regimes will be implemented through First Nation laws.

GUNS, JAIL CELLS, PRISONS SET UP FOR VIOLATORS LIKE THE PIPELINES.

23.5 The Parties agree to harmonize their respective environmental regimes and processes, with the involvement of the provinces or territories where they agree to participate, to promote effective and consistent environmental regimes and processes and to avoid uncertainty and duplication.

23.6 This Agreement is not intended to affect rights and powers relating to migratory birds or endangered species. These matters may be dealt with in the context of other negotiations. This Agreement is not intended to determine or prejudice the resolution of these issues.

FIRST NATIONS WILL GET THREE MEALS A DAY, FREE RENT, ROOF OVER THEIR HEADS AND 24 HOUR CABLE. WE WILL STOP THEIR ATTEMPTED EXTINCTION OF ONKWEHONWEH.

23.7 The following examples illustrate some of the First Nation environmental laws relating to First Nation land contemplated by the Parties:

(a) environmental protection requirements, including requirements in respect of natural resources, soils, water and ground water;

ORIGINAL PEOPLE UNPLUGGED. ALL TURTLE ISLAND IS FREE. WE WILL DO AS WE PLEASE WITHOUT BOUNDARIES.

24. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

24.1 Subject to clause 27, a First Nation with a land code in will develop an environmental protection regime, with the assistance of the appropriate federal agencies to the extent that they agree to participate.

TO KEEP CANADIANS WORKING BY MESSING UP OUR MOTHER AND THEN PRETENDING TO CLEAN HER UP.

24.2 Each First Nation agrees to harmonize environmental protection with the province or territory in which the First Nation is situated, where the province or territory agrees to participate

24.3 The First Nation environmental protection standards and punishments will have at least the same effect as those in the laws of the province or territory in which the First Nation is situated.

FIRST NATIONS SHOULD LOOK AT THE PAST RAPE AND PILLAGE OF OUR MOTHER AND WORRY ABOUT THAT.

24.4 For greater certainty , if there is an inconsistency between the provision of a federal law respecting the protection of the environment and a provision in a land code or First Nation law respecting the protection of the environment, the federal provision will prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.

CANADA'S LAW MILITARY RUNS THE SHOW. GREAT WHITE AUNTIE CAROLYN BENNETT [ANTI] HAS A LIFETIME JOB.

25. ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

25.1 Subject to clause 27, a First Nation will, with the assistance of the Lands Advisory Board and the appropriate federal agencies, make best efforts to develop an environmental assessment process within one year after the First Nation's land code , or within such longer period as the Minister and the First Nation may agree to.

TIME IS OUR MOTHER.

25.2 The First Nation and the Minister will, in the individual agreement referred to in clause 6, address how to conduct the environmental assessment of projects on First Nation land during the interim period until the First Nation's environmental assessment process is developed.

CONTROL. NO INPUT FROM FIRST NATIONS INC.

25.3 The First Nation's environmental assessment process will be consistent with requirements of the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act.

FIRST NATIONS INC. LAWS WILL BE MADE AND CONTROLLED BY CANADA.

25.4 The First Nation's environmental assessment process will be triggered in appropriate cases where the First Nation is approving, regulating, funding or undertaking a project on First Nation land. The assessment will occur as early as possible in the planning stages of the project before an irrevocable decision is made.

25.5 The Parties agree that section 10 of the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act will not apply to projects located on First Nation land.

THE FILTHIEST MONSTERS ON EARTH ARE GOING TO BE THE ASSESSORS OF OUR MOTHER? CANADA IS THE MASTER OF ENVIRONMENTAL DESTRUCTION. ONKWEHONWEH WILL CONTINUE TO TRY TO ENFORCE THE KAIANEREKOWA ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT.

The Parties agree to use their best efforts to implement the principle that the First Nation's environmental assessment process be used where an environmental assessment of a project on First Nation land is required by the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act.

SINCE THERE ARE NO PROJECTS, THERE IS NO NEED FOR THIS. CANADA IS ONE OF THE GREATEST ENVIRONMENTAL VIOLATORS IN THE WORLD. ALL DESTRUCTIVE PROJECTS ARE BY CANADA.

The Parties agree to develop a plan to harmonize their respective environmental assessment processes, with the involvement of the provinces or territories where they agree to participate.

PROVINCES WILL RUN THE SHOW ANYWAY. THEY HAVE THE MOST GARBAGE TO THROW AWAY.

26. OTHER AGREEMENTS

26.1 The First Nation and Canada recognize that it may be advisable to enter into other agreements with each other and other jurisdictions to deal with environmental issues like harmonization, implementation, timing, funding and enforcement.

ENDLESS BUEAUCRACY.

26.2 Where matters being negotiated pursuant to clause 26.1 normally fall within provincial or territorial jurisdiction, or may have significant impacts beyond the boundaries of First Nation land, the will invite the affected province or territory to be a party to such negotiations and resulting agreements.

IT IS AN ENDLESS SWAMP OF ROADS, DAMS, BRIDGES, RAILS, EXPROPRIATIONS BY CANADA. WITHOUT COMPENSATION. THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT PUTS A DOLLAR VALUE ON EVERYTHING, JUST LIKE THE CANADIAN EDUCATION SYSTEM DOES TO OUR CHILDREN.

27. RESOURCES

27.1 The Parties understand that the obligation of a First Nation to establish environmental assessment and environmental protection regimes depends on adequate financial resources and expertise being available to the First Nation.

FIRST NATION INC. HAS NO EXPERTISE OR FINANCIAL RESOURCES. THEY HAVE TO KEEP THEIR HANDS OUT FOR LOOSE CHANGE WHILE SUFFERING CANADA'S RACISM AND DISCRIMINATION.

PART VI
FUNDING

28. APPROPRIATION

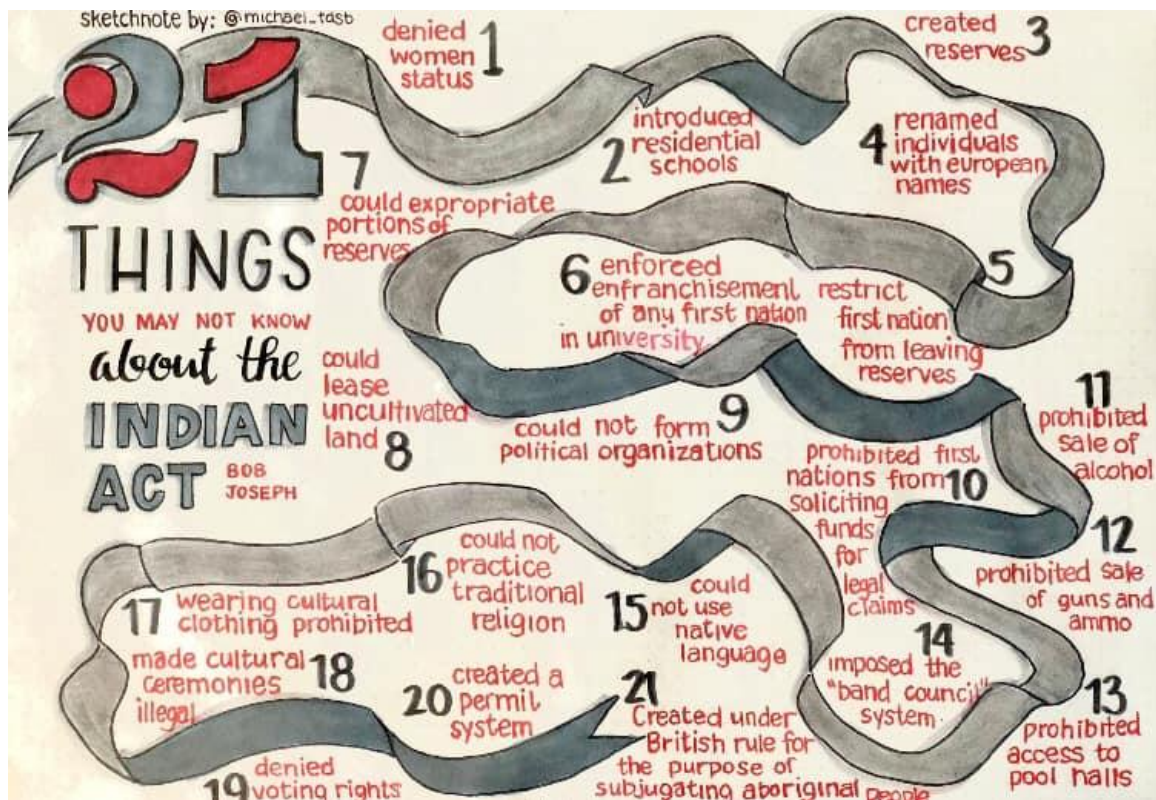
28.1 Any amounts provided by Canada to the First Nations pursuant to funding arrangements in relation to First Nation land shall be paid out of such moneys as may be appropriated by Parliament for this purpose.

CANADA DECIDES WHICH MONEY GETS INTO FIRST NATIONS POCKETS AND WHAT THEIR CUT IS. YOU HAVE OUR INDIAN TRUST FUND. THAT IS WHAT RUNS CANADA.

29. DEVELOPMENTAL FUNDING

29.1 Canada and the Lands Advisory Board will enter into a funding arrangement to allow the First Nations to develop land codes and community approval processes for their land codes, to negotiate the individual agreements mentioned in clause 6 and to seek community approval under clause 7.

IMAGINE THAT? HOW MANY MILLIONS WERE PAID TO HUNDREDS OF LAWYERS TO DESIGN THIS BUREAUCRATIC TRAP THAT CREATED ONE OF THE BIGGEST ENVIRONMENTAL MESSSES IN THE WORLD? WE'D LIKE TO SEE THE INVOICE FOR THAT. IT'S CALLED MONSTROUS EVIL FRAUD.



30. OPERATIONAL FUNDING

30.1 An individual agreement between the Minister and a First Nation will determine the resources to be provided by Canada to the First Nation to manage First Nation lands and make, administer and enforce its laws under a land code. The agreement will determine specific funding issues, for example period of time, and terms and conditions.

SEND THE INDIAN LAND FUNDS TO THE TRUE ONKWEHONWEH.

30.2 A method for allocating such operating funds as may have been appropriated by Parliament will be developed by the Parties and the Lands Advisory Board.

PARLIAMENT MAKES ALL THE DECISIONS ON HOW LITTLE THE FIRST NATIONS ARE GETTING. WHILE NOT ACKNOWLEDGING THE TRILLIONS OF INDIAN TRUST FUNDS THAT CANADA IS MISAPPROPRIATING TO ITS OWN USE. GREAT WHITE AUNTIE, CAROLYN BENNETT, MAKE THIS YOUR FIRST PRIORITY.

30.3 Unless a First Nation and Canada agree otherwise, an individual agreement respecting the provision of funding under this clause will have a maximum term of five years and will include provisions for its amendment and renegotiation.

CANADA HOPES TO EXTINCT THE FIRST NATIONS IN FIVE YEARS. EACH FIRST NATION IS ENTERING INTO SEPARATE AGREEMENTS WITH THE MINISTER. THE TRUE NATURAL ORIGINAL PEOPLE OF TURTLE ISLAND ARE NOT INVOLVED. CANADA MAKES THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN FIRST NATIONS AND THE MAJORITY ONKWHONWEH. NO ORIGINAL PERSON CAN BE PART OF THIS UNCONSCIONABLE [SHITTY] AGREEMENT.

31. LANDS ADVISORY BOARD FUNDING

31.1 Canada will enter into a funding arrangement with the Lands Advisory Board for the five year period following the coming into force of this Agreement.



PART VII
EXPROPRIATION OF FIRST NATION LAND BY CANADA

32. RESTRICTIONS

32.1 In accordance with the principle stated in clause 13.2, the Parties agree, as a general principle, that First Nation lands will not be subject to expropriation.

EXCEPT BY THE CORPORATION OF CANADA.

32.2 Despite the general principle against expropriation, First Nation land may be expropriated by Canada:

WHEN CANADA WANTS IT, THEY WILL GET IT. THE FIRST NATIONS INC. CANNOT OBJECT AND IT IS NOT THEIR LAND ANYWAY.

- (a) only with the consent of the Governor in Council; and
- (b) only by and for the use of a federal department or agency.

32.3 The Governor in Council will only consent to an expropriation of First Nation land if the expropriation is justifiable and necessary for a federal public purpose that serves the national interest.

ONKWEHONWEH LAND AND FIRST NATIONS LAND ARE ALL PART OF TURTLE ISLAND AND CANNOT BE EXPROPRIATED BY ANYONE.

32.4 When making a decision to expropriate First Nation land, the Governor in Council, in addition to other steps that may be required before making such a decision, will at a minimum follow these steps:

- (a) it will consider using means other than expropriation and will use those other means where reasonably feasible;
- (b) it will use non-First Nation land, where such land is reasonably available;

OF COURSE IT NEVER WILL BE.

- (c) if it must use First Nation land, it will make reasonable efforts to acquire the land through agreement with the First Nation, rather than by expropriation;

WE ONKWEHONWEH HAVE JURISDICTION AND WILL EXERCISE IT.

(d) if it must expropriate First Nation land, it will expropriate only the smallest interest or land right necessary and for the shortest time required; and

(e) in every case, it will first provide the First Nation with information relevant to the expropriation.

32.5 Prior to the Governor in Council issuing an order consenting to the expropriation of First Nation land, the federal department or agency will make public a report on the reasons justifying the expropriation and the steps taken in satisfaction of this clause and will provide a copy of the report to the First Nation.

32.6 Where a First Nation objects to a proposed expropriation it may refer the issue to an independent third party for a neutral evaluation under Part IX, within 60 days of the release of the report referred to in clause 32.5.

32.7 An order of the Governor in Council consenting to the expropriation will not be issued earlier than

(a) the end of the 60 day period referred to in clause 32.6; or

(b) the day the opinion or recommendation of the neutral evaluator is released, where the First Nation referred the proposed expropriation to an independent evaluator under clause 32.6.

33. COMPENSATION BY CANADA

33.1 In the event of the expropriation of First Nation land by Canada under this Part, Canada will provide compensation to the First Nation in accordance with this clause.

33.2 The compensation will include alternate land of equal or greater size or of comparable value.

CANADA NEVER PAID FOR ANYTHING EVER. NOT FOR THE THE WHOLE OF CANADA OR FOR THE USE AND EXTRACTION OF OUR RESOURCES. THEY WERE GIVEN ONLY A RIGHT TO BUILD A SETTLEMENT AND FOLLOW THE KAIANEREEKOWA. NO TITLE, NO RESOURCES, NO EXTRACTION. ONLY A GARDEN.

If the alternate land is of less than comparable value, then additional compensation will be provided.

CANADA WANTS TO TRY TO STEAL MORE ONKWEHONWEH LAND.

The alternate land may be smaller than the land being expropriated only if that does not result in the First Nation having less land area than when its land code force.

THERE IS NOTHING TO EXPROPRIATE THE LAND PLACED IN THE CARE OF THE ONKWEHONWEH WHOSE DUTY IS TO PRESERVE MOTHER EARTH FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS. NO INTEREST OR TITLE CAN EVER BE CONVEYED TO ANYONE EVER. WE WANT TO REMIND THE CANADIAN SETTLERS OF THIS FACT.

33.3 The total value of the compensation provided by Canada under this clause will be based on the following:

- (a) the market value of the land or interest or land right that is acquired;
- (b) the replacement value of any improvement to the land that is acquired;
- (c) the damages attributable to disturbance;
- (d) the value of any special economic advantage arising out of or incidental to the occupation or use of the affected First Nation land to the extent that this value is not otherwise compensated;
 - (a) damages for any reduction in the value of a remaining interest or land right; and
 - (b) damages for any adverse effect on any cultural or other special value of the land.

33.4 If the value and nature of the compensation cannot be agreed upon by the federal department or agency and the affected First Nation, either party may refer a dispute on compensation to arbitration under Part IX.

33.5 In any province or territory other than Québec, any claim or encumbrance in respect of the interest, or in Québec any right, charge or claim in respect of the land right, expropriated by Canada may only be claimed against the amount of compensation that is otherwise payable to the person or entity whose interest or land right is being expropriated.

33.6 Interest on the compensation is payable from the date the expropriation takes effect, at the same rate as for prejudgment interest in the superior court of the province or territory in which the First Nation land is located.

34. STATUS OF LANDS

34.1 Where less than the full interest or only part of the land right of the First Nation in First Nation land is expropriated by Canada, :

- (a) the land retains its status as First Nation land;

NO PART OF TURTLE ISLAND CAN BE EXPROPRIATED BY ANYONE.

- (b) the land remains subject to the land code and to any law of the First Nation that is otherwise applicable, except to the extent the land code or law is inconsistent with the expropriation; and
- (c) the First Nation may continue to use and occupy the land, except to the extent the use or occupation is inconsistent with the expropriation.

34.2 Alternate land accepted by the First Nation as part of the compensation will become both a reserve and First Nation land or, in Yukon, Lands Set Aside and First Nation land.

35. “REVERSION OR RETURN” OF INTEREST OR LAND RIGHT IN FIRST NATION LAND

ONKWEHONWEH HAVE ALWAYS CARED FOR IT FROM THE BEGINNING OF TIME TO THE FOREVER. IT CANNOT REVERT TO THE ONKWEHONWEH. IT IS IN THE CARE OF THE ONKWEHONWE. REVERSION IS IMPOSSIBLE.

35.1 In any province or territory other than Québec, where an expropriated interest in First Nation land which is less than the full interest of the First Nation in the land is no longer required by Canada for the purpose for which it was expropriated, the interest in land will revert to the First Nation.

FIRST NATION INC. AND CANADA NEVER HAD RIGHT TO ANY PART OF TURTLE ISLAND.

35.1 A In the of Québec, where the expropriated land right in First Nation land constitutes only part of the land right of the First Nation in the land, and it is no longer required by Canada for the purpose for which it was expropriated, the land right will return to the First Nation.

35.2 The Minister responsible for the expropriating department or agency, without the consent of the Governor in Council, may decide that the interest or the land right is no longer required and determine the disposition of any improvements.

36. RETURN OF FULL INTEREST OR ENTIRE LAND RIGHT IN FIRST NATION LAND

REVERSION OF TITLE AND INTEREST IS IMPOSSIBLE. IT HAS ALWAYS BEEN ONKWEHONWEH LAND.

36.1 Where the full interest or the entire land right of a First Nation in First Nation land was expropriated but is no longer required by Canada for the purpose for which it was expropriated, the land will be returned to the First Nation on terms negotiated by the First Nation and the federal department or agency, at the time of the expropriation or at a later date as agreed to by them.

36.2 Where the terms and conditions of the return cannot be agreed upon by the First Nation and the federal department or agency, either party may refer the dispute to arbitration under Part IX.

36.3 The Minister responsible for the expropriating department or agency, without the consent of the Governor in Council, may decide that the land is no longer required and determine the disposition of any improvements.

37. APPLICATION OF EXPROPRIATION ACT

37.1 Any provisions of the Expropriation Act, (Canada) that are applicable to an expropriation of First Nation land by Canada continue to apply, unless inconsistent with this Agreement.

ALL ACTS OF CANADA ARE NULL AND VOID.

PART VIII
LANDS ADVISORY BOARD

38. LANDS ADVISORY BOARD

38.1 The Lands Advisory Board shall consist of at least three members appointed:

LANDS ADVISORY BOARD IS INVENTED BY CANADA AND IS NULL AND VOID.

by the Councils of the First Nations that have ratified this Agreement .

38.2 The Lands Advisory Board will have all necessary powers and capacity to properly perform its functions under this Agreement.

38.3 The Lands Advisory Board will select a chairperson to preside over the Board and, subject to the direction of the Board, to act on its behalf.

39. FUNCTIONS OF THE LANDS ADVISORY BOARD

NULL AND VOID. CANNOT FUNCTION.

39.1 In addition to any other functions specifically assigned to it by the Parties, the Lands Advisory Board will be responsible for the following functions:

(a) developing model land codes, laws and land management systems;

(b) developing model agreements for use between First Nations and other authorities and institutions, including public utilities and private organizations;

(c) on request of a First Nation, assisting the First Nation in developing and implementing its land code, laws, land management systems and environmental assessment and protection regimes;

(d) assisting a verifier or ratification officer when requested by the verifier or ratification officer;

(a) Prior to September 1, 2003, by the Councils of the original First Nation parties to this Agreement; and

(b) After September 1, 2003, whether they ratify the Agreement on, before or after that date

(e) establishing a resource centre, curricula and training programs for managers and others who perform functions pursuant to a land code;

(f) on request of a First Nation encountering difficulties relating to the management of its First Nation lands, helping the First Nation in obtaining the expertise necessary to resolve the difficulty;

- (g) proposing regulations for First Nation land registration;
- (h) proposing to the Minister such amendments to this Agreement and the federal legislation as it considers necessary or advisable;
- (i) in consultation with First Nations, negotiating a funding method with the Minister; and
- (j) performing such other functions or services for a First Nation as are agreed to between the Board and the First Nation.

39.2 The Lands Advisory Board will have authority to adopt rules for the procedure at its meetings and generally for the conduct of its affairs.



40. RECORD KEEPING

- 40.1 The Lands Advisory Board will maintain a record containing
- (a) the name of each First Nation that approves a land code;
 - (b) a copy of that land code;
 - (c) a copy of each amendment to a land code; and
 - (d) the dates on which each was approved and certified.

The Lands Advisory Board shall, in consultation with the Minister, prescribe procedures for a First Nation to authorize the signing of this Agreement and for the formal signature of the First Nations to this Agreement, and shall advise the Minister when a First Nation has completed the procedures.

THE BOARD'S JOB IS TO FIND SOMEONE TO BRIBE WHO WILL SIGN A NULL AND VOID ACT AS FIRST NATIONS INC. THE LAND ADVISORY BOARD IS ILLUSORY AS THERE ARE NO LANDS WHICH THEY HAVE ANY INTEREST OR TITLE TO.

Subject to sub-clause , a First Nation may only become a signatory under this section with the consent of Canada, and Canada shall advise the Lands Advisory Board if and when such consent is given.

The Lands Advisory Board shall receive and record the adhesion of a First Nation party to this Agreement, made after January 1, 2001, and advise the Minister that the said First Nation has signed the Framework Agreement.

41. ANNUAL REPORT

41.1 Within 90 days following the end of each year of operation, the Lands Advisory Board will deliver to the Parties an annual report, in both official languages, on the work of the Board for that year.

NONE IN A NATIVE LANGUAGE? ONLY IN THE OFFICIAL LANGUAGES OF THE SETTLER COLONIALISTS. ONKWEHONWEH SPEAK THEIR LANGUAGES. THERE CAN BE NO ENGLISH OR FRENCH OFFICIAL LANGUAGES BECAUSE CANADA HAS NO LANGUAGE. CANADA HAS A CULTURE OF THEEFT.

41.2 The Minister will cause a copy of the Lands Advisory Board's annual report to be laid before each House of Parliament within the first 30 sitting days of that House after the Minister receives it.

42. LANDS ADVISORY BOARD NO LONGER IN EXISTENCE

42.1 In the event that the Lands Advisory Board is no longer in existence, the functions of the Lands Advisory Board under this Agreement will be performed by the Parties, except as follows:

- (a) the functions set out in clauses 29 and 39, except clause 39.1(g), will be performed by the First Nations; and
- (b) the functions set out in clauses 10 and 40 will be assumed by the First Nations Lands Register.

42. *[Repealed]*



**“THIS MY MOTHER!” AND THE MEN
STOOD RIGHT THERE ON OUR
MOTHER. AND THE WINGED ONES AND
FOUR LEGGEDS WATCHED.**

PART IX

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

43. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

43.1 The Parties are committed to resolving any dispute that may arise out of this Agreement among themselves, amicably and in good faith.

THIS IS BETWEEN CANADIAN AGENTS AND THE COLONY OF CANADA REGARDING AN UNLAWFUL, INVALID, NULL AND VOID AGREEMENT.

Where they cannot resolve a dispute through negotiation, the Parties agree to establish and participate in the out- of-court processes referred to in this Part to resolve the dispute.

43.2 Nothing in this Agreement is to be construed as preventing the Parties from using mediation to assist them in reaching an amicable agreement in respect of any issue in dispute. Where a Party has referred a dispute to mediation, the other Party is obliged to attend an initial meeting with the mediator. However, either Party can end a mediation process any time after the initial meeting.

43.3 Subject to clause 43.4, any dispute arising from the implementation, application or administration of this Agreement, the federal legislation or an individual agreement or an environmental management agreement may be resolved in either of two ways:

- (a) Neutral evaluation - it may be referred to neutral evaluation by one party to the dispute; or
- (b) Arbitration - it may be referred to arbitration by both parties to the dispute.

43.4 Any dispute respecting compensation for First Nation land expropriated by Canada or the terms and conditions for the return of the full interest or the entire land right in First Nation land will be referred to arbitration.

43.5 Any objection by a First Nation to a proposed expropriation under Part VII that has been referred to neutral evaluation will be evaluated and a report submitted by the neutral evaluator to the First Nation and Canada within 60 days of the referral to the neutral evaluator.

44. PANELS OF ARBITRATORS, ETC. – ***SEE ABOVE.***

44.1 The Parties and the Lands Advisory Board will jointly establish lists of mutually acceptable persons willing to act as mediators, arbitrators, verifiers and neutral evaluators.

44.2 Parties who become involved in a dispute may select mediators, arbitrators and neutral evaluators from the appropriate list, or may agree to the appointment of an individual who is not on the list.

44.3 The selection and assignment of verifiers and the procedure to be followed by verifiers will be arranged by the Lands Advisory Board, Canada and the First Nation.

44.4 Individuals appointed to act as mediators, arbitrators, verifiers or neutral evaluators must be unbiased and free from any conflict of interest relative to the matter in issue and have knowledge or experience to act in the appointed capacity.

45. NEUTRAL EVALUATION

45.1 Where a dispute is referred to neutral evaluation, the evaluator will where appropriate, :

- (a) identify the issues in the dispute;
- (b) assess the strengths of each party's case;
- (c) structure a plan for the progress of the case;
- (d) encourage settlement of the dispute; and
- (e) provide the parties with a non-binding opinion or recommendation to resolve the dispute.

SEE ABOVE. NO DISPUT THIS IS INVALID. JOB CREATION.



**IN THE YEAR 2069 OUR CHILDREN
LEARNED THAT ONCE UPON A TIME
WHITE PEOPLE LIVED ON TURTLE ISLAND.
THEY HAD TO LEAVE BECAUSE OF THE
DEVASTATION THEY CAUSED TO OUR
MOTHER.**

46. ARBITRATION

46.1 Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, each arbitration will be conducted in accordance with this clause.

46.2 The procedure will follow the Commercial Arbitration Code, which is a schedule to the Commercial Arbitration Act.

46.3 If no appropriate procedural provision is in that Code, the parties in dispute may adopt the Commercial Arbitration Rules in force from time to time of the British Columbia International Commercial Arbitration Centre.

46.4 The arbitrator will establish the procedures of the arbitration, subject to this clause.

47. RELATED ISSUES

47.1 The parties to a dispute will divide the costs of the dispute resolution process equally between themselves.

47.2 Any person whose interests will be adversely affected by a dispute that is referred to a dispute resolution process may participate in the process, if:

- (a) all parties to the process consent; and
- (b) the person pays the costs of his or her participation, unless otherwise agreed by the other parties to the dispute.

47.3 The decision of a verifier and a decision or award of an arbitrator will be final and binding on the participating parties.

47.4 No order shall be made, processed, entered or proceeding taken in any court, whether by way of injunction, mandamus, certiorari, prohibition or quo warranto to contest, review, impeach or limit the action of a person acting as a verifier, a ratification officer, an arbitrator or a neutral evaluator under this Agreement.

47.5 Despite clause 47.4, judicial review may be taken under the Federal Court Act within 30 days of a decision of a person acting as a verifier, an arbitrator or a neutral evaluator under this Agreement in respect of such person exceeding his or her jurisdiction, refusing to exercise his or her jurisdiction or failing to observe a principal of natural justice.

PART X

RATIFICATION AND ENACTMENTS BY THE PARTIES

48. RATIFICATION OF AGREEMENT

48.1 The Parties agree that they will seek to ratify this Agreement and implement it in the following manner:

- (a) each First Nation agrees to develop a land code and to seek community approval; and

THE COMMUNITY HAS NO SAY.

(b) following community approval by two First Nations, Canada agrees to recommend to Parliament the enactment of legislation.

ENACTMENT IN OTTAWA! OTTAWA HAS ALL THE SAY WHICH IS UNLAWFUL, INVALID, NULL AND VOID. CANADA HAS NO TITLE OR INTEREST IN ANY LAND IN ANY PART OF TURTLE ISLAND. IT HAS ONLY FOREIGN LANGUAGES, NO CULTURE. ONLY TO LIE.

48.2 This Agreement will be considered to have been ratified by a First Nation when the First Nation approves a land code, and to have been ratified by Canada when the federal legislation comes into force.

THE MAJORITY ONKWEHONWEH ARE FORCED TO ENROLL ON A BAND LIST SO THE COLONY OF CANADA AND FIRST NATIONS CAN STEAL OUR POSSESSIONS AND FUNDS. THE BAND ELECTIVE SYSTEM WAS CREATED TO UNLAWFULLY ENFORCE OUR COMPLIANCE WITH CANADA TO PROTECT OUR FAMILIES AND TO SURVIVE. ONKWEHONWEH DO NOT RECOGNIZE CANADA AND ITS BAND COUNCIL. THE ONKWEHONWEH DO NOT TAKE PART IN THESE UNLAWFUL INVALID NULL AND VOID ELECTIONS OF THE BAND COUNCIL.



49. ENACTMENTS BY THE PARTIES

49.1 Canada agrees that the federal legislation that it recommends to Parliament will be consistent with and will ratify this Agreement.

49.2 In the event of an inconsistency or conflict between the federal legislation and any other federal enactment, the federal legislation will prevail to the extent of the inconsistency or conflict.

49.3 In the event of any inconsistency or conflict between the land code of a First Nation and the provisions of a First Nation law or of a by-law made by its council under section 81 of the Indian Act, the land code will prevail to the extent of the inconsistency or conflict.

PART XI OTHER MATTERS

50. LIABILITY

50.1 The First Nation will not be liable for acts or omissions of Canada or any person or entity authorized by Canada to act in relation to First Nation land that occurred before the First Nation's land code.

NO CANADIAN ENTITY IS LIABLE FOR ANYTHING.

50.2 Canada will not be liable for acts or omissions of the First Nation or any person or entity authorized by the First Nation to act in relation to First Nation land that occur after the First Nation's land code .

50.3 Canada will indemnify a First Nation for any loss arising from an act or omission by Canada, or any person or entity acting on behalf of Canada, in respect of First Nation land that occurred before the First Nation's land code .

50.4 The First Nation will indemnify Canada for any loss arising from an act or omission by the First Nation, or any person or entity acting on behalf of the First Nation, in respect of First Nation land that occurs after the land code .

50.5 No action or other proceeding lies or shall be commenced against a person acting as a member of the Lands Advisory Board, a mediator, verifier, ratification officer, neutral evaluator or arbitrator for or in respect of anything done, or omitted to be done, in good faith, during the course of and for the purposes of carrying out his or her functions under this Agreement.

50.6 Following the transfer to a First Nation of that First Nation's revenue or capital moneys Canada is not liable for the management of those moneys by the First Nation or any acts or omissions of the First Nation in respect of those moneys.

51. FIRST NATION LANDS REGISTER

51.1 Canada will establish a First Nation Lands Register to record documents respecting First Nation land or interests or land rights in First Nation land. It will be administered by Canada as a subsystem of the existing Reserve Land Register.

THE ORIGINAL INTERESTS ARE EXTINGUISHED. CANADA “LEGALIZES” ITS STOLEN PROPERTY. THE FAKE LANDS REGISTRY CONFIRMS THAT THERE IS NO ONKWEHONWEH TITLE TO ANY PART OF TURTLE CANADA.

51.2 A separate register will be maintained for each First Nation with a land code in .

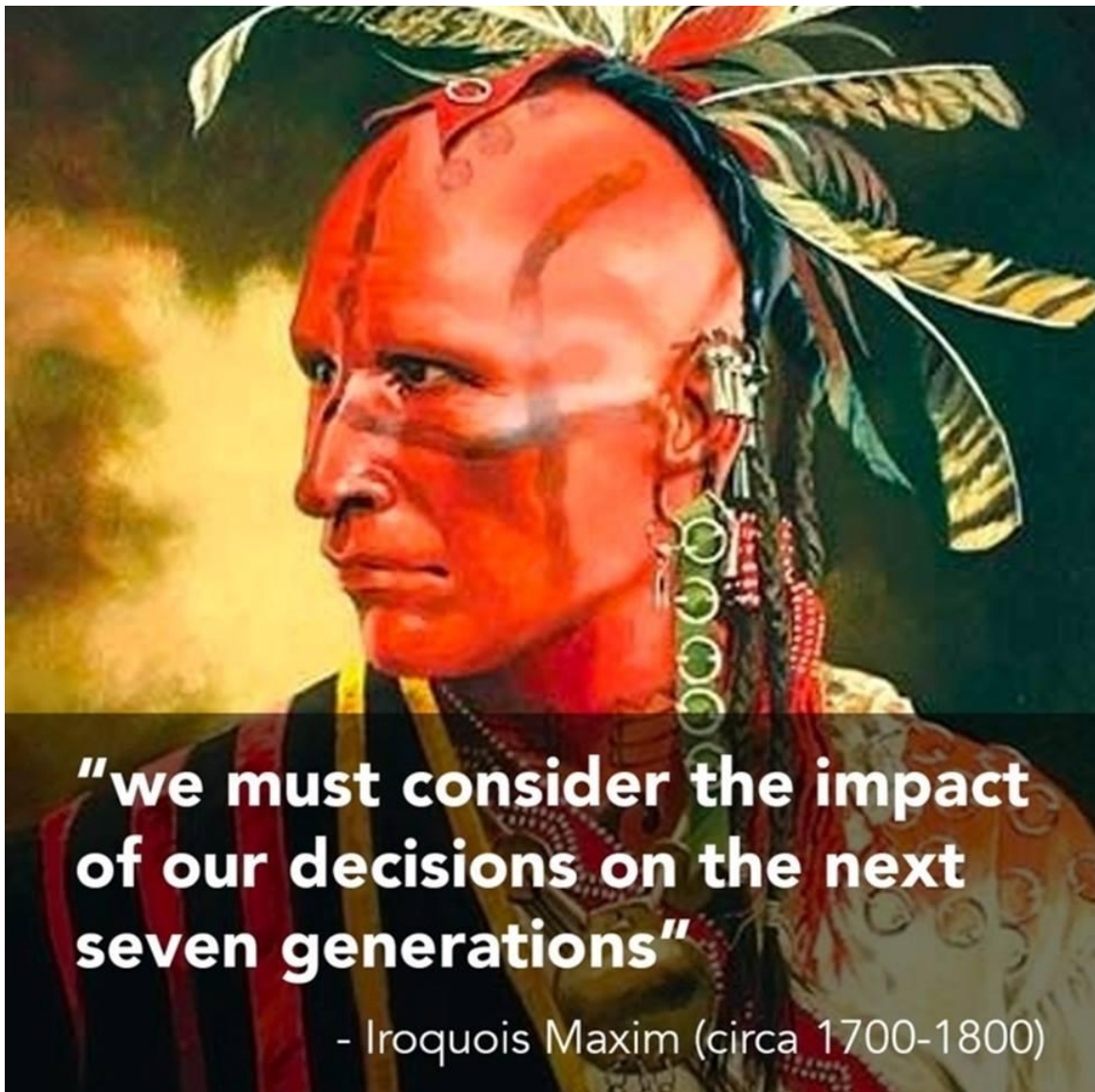
51.3 The Governor in Council will be authorized in the federal legislation to make regulations respecting the First Nation Lands Register. These regulations will be developed by the Lands Advisory Board and the Minister.

52. STATUS OF DOCUMENTS

52.1 The Statutory Instruments Act, or any successor legislation, will not apply to a land code or to First Nation laws.

53. PROVINCIAL AND TERRITORIAL RELATIONS

THE FACT THAT CANADA IS TRYING TO ENACT THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT IS AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT THAT IT RECOGNIZES OUR TITLE TO TURTLE ISLAND. THIS WILL BE THE TREATY WITH THE B.C. NATIONS FOR THE PIPELINE. THE FRAMEWORK IS MEANT TO HIDE THE THEFT.



s of

53.1 Where Canada and a First Nation intend to enter into an agreement that is not referred to in this Agreement but is required to implement this Agreement and where it deals with matters that normally fall within provincial or territorial jurisdiction, or may have significant impacts beyond the boundaries of First Nation land, Canada and the First Nation will invite the affected province or territory to be a party to the negotiations and resulting agreement.

IT IS ORIGINAL LANDS. THE TABLE BELONGS TO THE ONKWEHONWEH.

54. TIME LIMITS

54.1 The time limits in this Agreement for the doing of anything may be waived on consent.

55. OTHER REGIMES

55.1 Nothing in this Agreement prevents a First Nation, at any time, from opting into any other regime providing for community decision-making and community control, if the First Nation is eligible for the other regime and opts into it in accordance with procedures developed for that other regime.

FIRST NATIONS ARE FICTION.

55.2 Sub-clause 38.1 and clause 57 do not apply to a First Nation to which sub-clause 55.1 applies.

56. REVIEW PROCESS

56.1 The Lands Advisory Board will, on a continuing basis, consult with representatives of the Parties for the purpose of assessing the effectiveness of this Agreement and the federal legislation.

- (a) the functioning of land management under this Agreement;
- (b) the adequacy and appropriateness of the funding arrangements;
- (c) the role of the Lands Advisory Board;
- (d) whether there is a demand by other First Nations to use this Agreement;
- (e) changes that may improve the functioning of First Nation land management;
- (f) the dispute resolution processes; and
- (g) such other issues as may be agreed to by the Parties.

56.2 Within four years of the federal legislation coming into force, the Minister and the Lands Advisory Board or their representatives will jointly conduct a review of this Agreement. It will focus on the following issues, among others:

56.3 Canada and the First Nations will make best efforts to complete this review within one year.

Following completion of the review, the Minister will meet with representatives of the First Nations to discuss the results of the review.

57. AMENDMENTS

No amendment affecting the powers, authorities, obligations, operations or operational funding of a First Nation that has ratified this agreement is effective with respect to that First Nation without the consent of that First Nation. Agreement, may, subject to , be amended with the consent of Canada and 2/3 of the First Nations which have ratified the Agreement, before, on or after that day.

CANADA ARBITRARILY AND FORCIBLY CONTROLS EVERYTHING.

57.1 Until September 1, 2003, this Agreement may be amended by agreement of the parties, provided that the amendments to Part VIII may be made with the consent of Canada and 2/3 of the original First Nation parties to this Agreement.

58. RECITALS

CANADA HAS 'THE FUNERAL' MARCH READY TO PLAY. THIS AGREEMENT TRIES TO LEGITIMIZE THE DICTATORSHIP OF THE FIRST NATION INC. BACKED BY CANADA, BACKED BY THE CANADIAN ARMY.

58.1 The recitals form part of this Agreement.

59. COMING INTO FORCE

59.1 This Agreement will come into force in respect of Canada and a First Nation when Canada and that First Nation both ratify this Agreement under Part X.

EVERY PERSON AFFECTD BY THIS 'SO-CALLED' RECONCILIATION HAS BEEN LEFT OUT.

59.2 Despite clause 59.1, such provisions of this Agreement as are necessary to allow a First Nation to ratify this Agreement before Canada ratifies this Agreement will have effect as of the of the original First Nation parties to this Agreement.



**ROTIKERAKETEH SAY: “WE’RE ALWAYS
READY TO CARRY OUT OUR DUTIES AND
RESPOINSIBILITIES.**

As Ozzie Osbourne tells us in [“Crazy Train”](#): “crazy, but that’s how it goes. Millions of people living as foes. Maybe it’s not too late to learn to love and forget how to hate. Mental wounds not healing. Life’s a bitter shame. I’m going off the rails on a crazy train”.

WHAT HAPPENS WHEN WRONGS DON’T GET RIGHTED?

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Kahentinetha2@protonmail.com ia-ko-ska-reh-wa-keh, the spitting bears clan.

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